



Hongkong Daily Press.

ESTABLISHED 1857

Registered as a Newspaper at the General Post Office in the United Kingdom.

FOR SUMMER WEAR.
CREAM LUSTRES
TWO QUALITIES
\$10.00 and \$12.50
per piece of 30 yards.
ALEX. ROSS & Co.,
4, DES VOGES ROAD CENTRAL.

No. 17,471. 號一十七百四千七萬一第 日三十月四年亥甲 HONGKONG, THURSDAY, MAY 7th, 1914. 四拜禮 號七月五年三國民華中 PRIOR, \$3 PER MONTH.

KNORR'S SOUP SQUARES.

HAVE YOU NOT TASTED THEM YET?
TRY THEM TO-DAY AND YOU WILL ALWAYS BUY THEM !!!

KNORR'S SOUP SQUARES are the most useful and practical article that can be imagined.

Anyone who keeps a supply of them can at any time prepare a splendid soup requiring no stock. To obtain three plates of delicious and nourishing soup all one has to do is to mix the contents of one square with water and boil it for about twenty minutes. Thus one saves time, fuel and MONEY.

F. BLACKHEAD & CO.

Ice House Street,
Close to Kowloon Ferry Pier.

Tel. 66.

Hongkong, 5th May, 1914. [485]

GREEN ISLAND CEMENT COMPANY PORTLAND CEMENT.

In Casks 375 lbs. net.
In Bags 250 lbs. net.
SHEWAN TOMES & Co.,
General Managers.
Hongkong, 9th December, 1913. [1407]

MITSU BISHI GOSHI KWAISHA (MITSU BISHI CO.) COAL DEPARTMENT.

SOLE PROPRIETORS OF TAKASIMA, OCHI, MUTABE, YOSHINOTANI, NAMAZUTA, SAO, SHINNEW AND KAMIMADAMA Collieries.
AGENTS FOR
SAKITO AND OYUBARI Coals.
HEAD OFFICE—MARUNOUCHI, TOKYO.

BRANCH OFFICES—NAGASAKI, MOJI, KARATSU, WAKAMATSU, OTABU, MURORAN, HAKODATE, KOBE, OSAKA, KURE, TOKYO, YOKOHAMA, NAGOYA, TSUBUGA, SHANGHAI, HONGKONG, HANKOW, PEKING.

Cable Address for above: "IWASAKI."
Codes: A1, A.B.C. 5th Ed., Western Union.

CHINKIANG—Messrs. GEARING & Co. MANILA—Messrs. MACDONALD & Co. SINGAPORE—Messrs. BOYER & Co., Ltd. GLASGOW—Messrs. A. R. BROWN, McFARLANE & Co., Ltd.

For Particulars, apply to—
K. KATO,
Manager
No. 2, Pedder Street, Hongkong.
Hongkong, 24th April, 1914. [614]

PEAK TRAMWAY COMPANY, LIMITED.

TIME TABLE.

WEEK DAYS.	
7.00 a.m. to 8.00 a.m.	Every 15 minutes.
8.00 " " 10.00 " "	" " 10 "
10.00 " " 11.00 " "	" " 15 "
11.00 " " 12.45 p.m.	" " 15 "
12.45 p.m. to 1.15 " "	" " 10 "
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NIGHT CARS.
8.40 p.m. and 9.00 p.m. 9.30 to 11.00 p.m.
Every Half-Hour.
11.00 p.m. to 11.45 p.m.
Every Quarter-Hour.

SUNDAYS.	
8.00 a.m. to 10.30 a.m.	Every 15 minutes.
10.30 " " 11.00 " "	" " 10 "
11.00 " " 12.00 noon	" " 15 "
12.00 noon to 1.00 p.m.	" " 15 "
1.00 p.m. to 3.00 " "	" " 10 "
3.00 " " 3.10 " "	" " 15 "
3.10 " " 3.15 " "	" " 10 "

NIGHT CARS on Week Days.
SUNDAYS.
Extra Car at 12 Midnight.

SPECIAL CARS by arrangement at the Company's Office, Alexandra Buildings, Des Voeux Road Central.
JOHN D. HUMPHREYS & SON,
General Managers.
Hongkong, 1st October, 1913. [1002]

THE YOKOHAMA DOCK CO., LIMITED.

Telegraphic Address—"DOCK," Yokohama.

Codes used:—A.B.C. 4th and 5th Editions, Lieber's, Scott's, A1 and Watkins.

DRY DOCK DEPARTMENT:—Telephone Nos. 376, 506, or 681.

NO. 1 DOCK.	NO. 2 DOCK.	NO. 3 DOCK.
Docking Length 515 ft.	Docking Length 375 ft.	Docking Length 451 ft.

Every description of repair work is undertaken. A large assortment of material including tall shafts are kept in stock. Two powerful tow boats, floating derrick to lift 45 tons, pneumatic, electric, hydraulic plants, etc. Manufacturers of engines, boilers, lugs, lighters, constructional steel work, etc. Tenders on short notice by letter or cable.

WAREHOUSE DEPARTMENT:—

82 buildings, principally of brick and steel, 310 entrances. 37 buildings are private bonded warehouses. Floor area 68,246 square yards, or 141 acres.
Custom-house brokerage and insurance undertaken. Rates moderate.
Mooring Basin, 600 feet by 100 feet by 25 feet deep, adjoining the docks and warehouses.

[712]

BECK & CO., BREMEN. KAISER BREWERY. BECK'S BEER, KEY BRAND.

\$16.00

PER CASE OF 6 DOZ. PINTS.

" " " 4 " QUARTS.

HONGKONG AGENTS:

MACWEN, FRICKEL & Co.

[368]

SOUTH MANCHURIA RAILWAY.

SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE BETWEEN THE FAR EAST AND EUROPE, VIA DAIREN.

TIME TABLE

(Effective from May 1st, 1914, to April 30th, 1915).

THREE WEEKLY EXPRESS TRAIN SERVICE, composed of excellently equipped Dining, and First and Second Class Sleeping Cars, is operated between Dairen and Changchun in connection with the Trans-Siberian Express Trains and with Dairen-Shanghai Direct Mail Steamer Service by the S.S. SAKAKI MARU and KOBE MARU (each Equipped with Wireless Telegraph) as follows:—

NORTH BOUND.				SOUTH BOUND.							
Connecting at Harbin with		Wagon 1st Class 2nd Class 3rd Class		Russian States Express For H. For Moscow		Connecting at Harbin with		Wagon 1st Class 2nd Class 3rd Class		Russian States Express For H. For Moscow	
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INTIMATIONS

A. S. WATSON
& CO., LTD.,

ESTABLISHED 23 YEARS.

CHEMISTS, DRUGGISTS AND
PERFUMERS, Etc., Etc.APPOINTMENT TO HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR.WATSON'S
HOUSEHOLD
AMMONIA.

FOR THE BATH, TOILET, AND
HOUSEHOLD. Used in the Bath
it promotes a healthy action of the skin,
counteracts all effects of perspiration,
and is refreshing and invigorating.
It is especially useful for cleaning
Jewellery, Silver, and Plated Ware, etc.

WATSON'S

CELEBRATED

CORN SOLVENT.

A permanent, speedy and painless CURE for
corns and bunions.

WATSON'S

SHAVING STICKS.

The cheapest and best in the market.
They give a free and lasting lather,
and impart a soothing feeling to the skin.
For delicate and sensitive skins they are
unequalled.

A. S. WATSON & CO.,
LIMITED,HONGKONG DISPENSARY AND
KOWLOON DISPENSARY.

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No anonymously signed communica-
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HONGKONG OFFICE: 104, DES VUEX ROAD C.
KOWLOON OFFICE: 131, FLEET STREET, E.C.

The Daily Press.

HONGKONG, MAY 7th, 1914.

AFTER losing Outer Mongolia and seeing
Inner Mongolia in jeopardy, China is
naturally anxious to do all that she can to
consolidate her position in the latter ter-
ritory, but we cannot say that we are very
anguine as to the prospects of success of
the scheme for bringing it under the
Provincial system of Government and as
incorporating it as an integral part of the
Republic of China. The proposal is none
the less interesting: for one thing, it proves
that the idea that was mooted some time
ago of abolishing the Provincial divisions
of the Republic and substituting much
smaller sub-divisions, all under the direct
rule of Peking, something on the lines of
the French departments, has now collapsed.
But what is far more important than any
points of detail is the essential idea that the
Republic is absolute master of the fate of
its dependencies and can deal with them in
any way that it wishes. China learns
nothing and remembers nothing. The same
proposal was made with regard to Tibet, and
the net result has been that China has, in
the course of a couple of years, lost all the
hold she had on that territory; and the
fruit of the efforts of successive leaders,
from the Emperor CH'EN-LUNG down to the
Warden of the Marches, CHAO K'AI-
FENG, has been wrested from her, and she is
even finding it a struggle to maintain her
position in the tribal regions East of the

frontier. Outer Mongolia, too, taught the
same lesson—it was China's assumption
that she could colonize and garrison that
area irrespective of the wishes of the
tributary rulers that aroused local feeling
and gave the Unga Hutukhutu the backing
necessary to assure success in his revolt. It
is curious to notice how much more despotism
the Republican Government is in its treat-
ment of tributary peoples than was the
despotism it succeeded—or it would be
curious if there were any reality in the
Republican idea in China. It might be
suggested that the Manchu Emperors,
themselves a ruling family and sprung
from tribal chieftains originally of similar
status to the Princes of Mongolia, were
better able to enter into the feelings of
these latter and to appreciate the value they
set on their privileges and rank, and at the
same time were in a better position to
negotiate with them and to placate them
when any developments of the policy of the
Peking Government threatened to encroach
on their prerogatives. One of the mistakes
the Republican Government makes is to
ignore these minor potentates. In the
manifestoes and provisional constitutions
of the early days of the Republic
emphasis was constantly laid on the
unity of the "five races" in one family
and the essential equality of all citizens,
the logical effect of which would be
to cancel the allegiance owed to his Prince
by a member of any of the tribes of
Mongolia. To take an extreme example,
it is as if a Republic régime had been
instituted in Great Britain, and the feudal
Princes of India were relegated to an
equality of citizenship with the lowest of
the sweepers. Events have proved that
this was all a mere form of words, for the
Parliament has found nothing to prevent
his promoting some of the Mongolian
chieftains to higher degrees of royalty, but
the fact that such words were used shows
that the Republican authorities were either
ignorant or careless of the rights of the
Princes. So now it will be on the various
Princes or chiefs (of whom there are
nineteen) that the success of any scheme
for sinicizing the Government of Inner
Mongolia will depend. The division of
their territory into Provinces under Tutuhs
and Civil Administrators will mean a loss
of authority to these tributary rulers, and
if the project is to be carried forward with
their approval and goodwill, that approval
and goodwill will have to be purchased
by giving some adequate compensation.
Probably China will find in the long run
that a policy of gradual and peaceful
penetration will serve her purpose best, and
for this she has already laid a foundation by
the opening of Kalgan, Dolonor, and Hada
(Ch'ih-feng Hsien) to foreign trade.
These towns are not in Mongolia, but
they are the three great entrepôts for
Mongolian trade, and their opening may
be expected to produce such a development
of commerce in these regions as shall aid
in consolidating China's hold on them
while at the same time proving lucrative,
and therefore welcome, to the Princes. The
relations between China and her tributaries
are, as has often been pointed out, in an
ill-defined state, and any developments on
her part must always be subject to one of
the three following conditions—they must
either be acceptable and welcome to the
feudatories, or must be accompanied by
adequate compensation, or must be backed
by adequate force. In the present state of
affairs, the first condition indicates the
line along which she will have to advance
in Inner Mongolia; the wise policy will be
by developing the trade, resources, and
communications of the country, to add to
its riches, and to those of its rulers, and so,
by making it economically dependent on
China, to strengthen the political link
between the two dominions.

Yesterday was the fourth anniversary
of the accession of King George V. to the
throne. Some of the ships in the harbour
were dressed for the occasion and a
salute was fired at noon.

We learn that the Hongkong Govern-
ment is appointing a committee to con-
sider what further precautions should be
taken to prevent piracy on British steam-
boats in the neighbouring waters.

The Hippodrome Circus is due to
arrive in Hongkong to-day. The first
performance will take place on Saturday
evening at 9.15 p.m. Booking is at the
Robinson Piano Co., Ltd.

TELEGRAMS, TELEGRAMS, TELEGRAMS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

A TRAGEDY OF THE SEA.

STEAMER BURNT ON THE
ATLANTIC.

HALIFAX, May 6th.

A mysterious call for help was received
by the German liner *Seydlitz*, which
hastened to the spot from whence the call
came, 180 miles south-east of Sable Island,
where she sighted a steamer seemingly
burnt out. There was no sign of life.

NEW YORK, May 6th.

The Commander of the Cunard steamer
Franconia intimates by wireless that he has
picked up a boat containing 13 survivors
from the British steamer *Columbian*,
bound from Antwerp to New York, which
had caught fire at sea on Sunday night.
With the survivors was the body of the
Chief Steward. Another boat, containing
the Chief and Second Officers, and 17 men,
is still adrift.

The survivors were in a very exhausted
condition. They had been in the boat
forty hours.
The fire started on Sunday. Almost
immediately there was a series of violent
explosions, and the wireless apparatus
was destroyed.

LATER.

There were no passengers on the
Columbian, but she carried a crew of
between sixty and seventy.

Two boats left the ship two hundred
miles south of Cape Race but became
separated in the smoke.

The survivors are so exhausted that it
will be impossible for them to give a
coherent story for several hours.

The *Franconia* is searching for the
missing boat, which had not been located
at a late hour yesterday evening.

LATEST.

The steamer *Manhattan* reports by wire-
less that she has picked up the
Columbian's second boat containing
Captain Macdonald and thirteen men.
An engineer was killed in an explosion
and a seaman was drowned when leaving
the ship.

The total number rescued is 27.
Search is being made for the third boat
which contains nineteen persons.

BRITISH GOVERNMENT AND THE
PANAMA EXHIBITION.

PARTICIPATION NOW PROBABLE.

LONDON, May 6th.

Mr. Asquith received an influential
deputation of members of the House of
Commons in favour of official British
participation in the Panama Exhibition
at San Francisco, and the Premier
promised to submit the views of the
deputation to his colleagues.

The suggestion of the deputation was
that the Government should erect a
special Governmental Pavilion, which
would serve as a rallying point for
British subjects in all parts of the
Empire.

Mr. Asquith intimated that the Cabinet
was likely to approve this scheme, which
would be in the nature of a complimen-
tary acceptance of the invitation, without
committing the Government to much
expenditure.

SUPPORT IN THE COMMONWEALTH.

MELBOURNE, May 6th.

The State of West Australia has decided
to participate in the Panama Canal
Exhibition. All the States will now be
represented, the Commonwealth display
costing £20,000.

THE "SIBERIA" FALSE ALARM.

JAPAN CONDUCTING INVESTIGATIONS.

TOKYO, May 6th.

The Navy Department and the Govern-
ment of Formosa are closely investigating
the origin of the false wireless messages
regarding the *Siberia*.

LONDON, May 6th.

Lloyds are investigating the false
messages.

The establishment of a register and a
secret password for each ship is suggested.

THE MEXICO TROUBLE.

MEDIATORS TO SIT IN CANADA.

MEXICO CITY, May 6th.

The Mediation Conference will be held
in Canada.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

THE BUDGET.

OPINIONS OF M.P.'S.

LONDON, May 6th.

Mr. Walter Long, M.P., speaking at
Holborn, said that the Government's
financial methods had driven money out
of the country. It was disgraceful for
Mr. Lloyd George to say that he hoped
the rich would make up the deficiency,
and he marvelled at the quietude of the
people in regard to the new finance.

Mr. Steel-Maitland, M.P., in a speech
in London, said that the country was
tired of the multitude of officials; five
thousand more would be created by the
new Budget.

STOCKBROKER COMMITTED
FOR TRIAL.

LONDON, May 6th.

The English stockbroker, Mr. Fenner,
made notorious by reason of his con-
nection with the American Marconi share
transactions of Ministers, has been com-
mitted for trial on 78 counts under the
Larceny Act. He made a statement ad-
mitting the truth of the charges against
him.

NEW COMMISSIONER FOR
SOMALILAND.

LONDON, May 6th.

Mr. Geoffrey Archer has been appointed
Commissioner for Somaliland.

BRITISH SQUADRONS
ENTERTAINED.

LONDON, May 6th.

The British squadrons visiting the
Adriatic ports were enthusiastically wel-
comed at Venice, Trieste, and also at
Abbazia, where the various officials were
entertained yesterday.

CRUCIFIXION OF MOSLEM
ALBANIANS.

DURAZZO, May 6th.

The Epirotes crucified two hundred
Moslem Albanians of the orthodox church
at Kodra, near Tepelini, and then
burned the church.

STOCK EXCHANGE AND THE
BUDGET.

LONDON, May 6th.

The Stock Exchange has become dull
as a result of the Budget announcements.
SPEEDING UP IN PARLIAMENT.

LONDON, May 6th.

Mr. Asquith submitted a motion
empowering the Speaker to eliminate
obstructive blocking motions. It was
carried unanimously.

HOME COUNTY CRICKET.

LONDON, May 6th.

The cricket season has opened in
England.
In the County Championship,
Northants drew with Surrey, and secured
the points owing to their first-innings
lead.
Leicestershire beat Essex by 239 runs.

HONGKONG TENNIS
TOURNAMENT.

RESULT OF THE PROFESSIONAL PAIRS.

The concluding final in connection with
the Hongkong C.C.'s tennis tournament
was played off last evening, when, after
a most exciting contest, Messrs. Han-
cock and Stewart defeated Messrs.
Nisbet and Phelps in the Professional
Pairs; the result being doubtful until the
end of the final set. The scores were 2-6,
6-3, 3-6, 6-2, 6-4. These figures reveal
the remarkable equality of play which
ruled throughout the games, and before
the last set was decided two deuces had
been made; two games and four games
all. Then, as the result of a more con-
sistent partnership, Hancock and Stewart
won two consecutive games and the
match.

Play was never really sparkling, but
was always hard and forced, and the
probability is that had Nisbet's partner
been able to maintain the form with
which he opened, Messrs. Hancock and
Stewart would have been as narrowly
beaten as they were victorious. In the
set which meant so much Phelps made
several bad shots, and though his partner
made a commendable endeavour to pull
the set off himself, Hancock and Stewart,
who were a more balanced pair, managed
to get the better of him. As a match of
real hard tennis this concluding contest
was most entertaining to a very fair
number of spectators.

Sir Paul Chater has kindly consented
to present the next championship trophy
to take the place of that won by Mr.
Nisbet.

TELEGRAMS, TELEGRAMS, TELEGRAMS.

["DER OSTASIATISCHE LLOYD"]

SERVICES.

CHINA SERVICE.

GERMAN FIRM'S LOAN TO
CHINESE PROVINCES.

PEKING, May 6th.

It is expected that a loan of \$20,000,000
will be signed between the Provinces of
Kirin and Fengtien and the German firm
Dürring & Co., of Peking, on the 10th
instant.

The loan is to extend over a period of
ten years and security will be the *tsin*
revenue in both provinces.

THE CANTON-HANKOW RAILWAY.

PEKING, May 6th.

According to a report of the *Peking*
Jih Pao, the conclusion of the British-
Chinese negotiations for the construction
of the Nanchang-Canton branch of the
Hankow-Canton Railway is imminent.

A DISTINGUISHED VISITOR TO
PEKING.

PEKING, May 6th.

The German Naval Commander-in-
Chief in East Asia, H.E. Vice-Admiral
Graf v. Spee will arrive this evening at
Peking for a visit of two days.

EUROPEAN SERVICE.

PRUSSIA'S ARMY ACT.

BERLIN, May 5th.

The Prussian Minister for War
informed the Reichstag, amid great
applause, that the carrying out of the
new Army Act had worked absolutely
faultless in the last year, being the first
one since the passing of the Act. He
added that last year also had
proved a record year as far as the
health of the Army was concerned. The
required number of horses had given
satisfaction, and the Army Commissariat
had fulfilled its duties in an exemplary
manner.

EX-MINISTERS' CONDUCT OF
AFFAIRS DURING WAR.

BULGARIAN PARLIAMENTARY INQUIRY.

BERLIN, May 6th.

A Parliamentary investigation is to
be held on the conduct of affairs by two
Bulgarian ex-Ministers, Geshow and
Danew, during the war.

BALKAN FINANCE.

BERLIN, May 6th.

The International Commission appoint-
ed to consider the financial affairs of the
Balkan States will convene in June.

STRIKE OF CARTERS.

BERLIN, May 5th.

Eight hundred carters are out on strike
at Hamburg.

HONGKONG LICENSING BOARD.

A meeting of the Hongkong Licensing
Board was held yesterday in the Legisla-
tive Council Chamber. The Hon. Mr.
Claude Sivers (Colonial Secretary),
presided and those also present were the
Hon. Mr. E. A. Hewett, C.M.G., Mr. G.
C. Alabaster, Mr. E. Shelton Hooper, Mr.
R. D. Hutchinson, Mr. D. W. Craddock,
and Mr. G. A. Woodcock (Hon. Secy.).
The Board considered an application
from George Green for permission to
remove the business now carried on by
him under a publican's licence at Nos.
98 and 100 Queen's Road Central under
the sign of the "Criterion Hotel" to the
New Travellers Hotel at No. 74 Queen's
Road Central. The business after the
removal would be carried on under the
sign of the "Criterion Hotel."
The application was refused.
Frederick Elliott Armstrong, Martin
applied for a publican's licence to sell by
retail intoxicating liquors on premises
numbered 2 Pak Shui Wan, Shan Ki
Wan Road, under the sign of the "Belle
View Hotel."
The Board adjourned this application
until Friday to enable further inquiries
to be made.

CHILD WITH WEBBED TOES.

At an inquest held at Hackney recently
on the body of a boy five months old, who
died from wasting, it was stated by the
grandmother that the child had webbed
toes. Her husband, who died five years
ago, had the same curious malformation,
and the child's mother had webbed
fingers. All her children had either
webbed toes or webbed fingers.

SHANGHAI RACES.

THIRD DAY.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

SHANGHAI, May 6th.

The results of to-day's racing are as
follow:—

THE GREAT NORTHERN PLATE—Seven
furlongs.

Mr. Ellis Kadoorie's Fijian Chief
(Mr. J. K. Brand) 1
Mr. Lamerton's Bonnie (Mr. Rowe) 2
Messrs. Winsome and Hasty's The
Plover (Mr. Hill) 3
Time, 1min. 48.2-sec.

THE RUBICON PLATE—One mile and a
quarter.

Mr. Union's Britannic (Mr. Rowe) 1
Mr. Oswald's Bartonhill (Mr. Burkill) 2
Mr. Evelyn's Sir Eager (Mr. Vida) 3
Time, 2min. 48secs.

THE PLATE HUNTERS' HANDICAP—One
mile and a quarter.

Mr. A. O. Fisher's Springbok
(Mr. Burkill) 1
Mr. Fritz Breitung's Liebestust
(Mr. Heard) 2
Mr. Robson's The Rottler
(Mr. J. K. Brand) 3
Time, 2min. 41.2-sec.

THE PARI-MUTUEL STAKES—One mile
and a half.

Mr. Henry Morris' Cornfield
(Mr. Stewart) 1
Mr. Perny's Perturbation
(Mr. Laurence) 2
Mr. S. B. M. Bremner's Chancellor
(Mr. Bremner) 3
Time, 3min. 32.4-sec.

THE RACING STAKES—One mile and a
half.

Mr. Ellis Kadoorie's Saxon Chief
(Mr. Moller) 1
Mr. J. Bell-Irving's Annam
(Mr. Bell-Irving) 2
Mr. Ezra's Neptune (Mr. Vida) 3
Time, 2min. 11.1-sec.

THE YANGTZE CUP—One mile and
three-quarters.

Mr. G. D. Coutt's The Trader
(Mr. Dalgleish) 1
Mr. G. H. Thomson's Polar Star
(Mr. Lindsey) 2
Sir Paul's Royal Rose (Mr. Burkill) 3
Time, 4min. 01.3-sec.

THE MANCHU STAKES—One mile and a
quarter.

Messrs. Winsome and Hasty's The
Woodcock (Mr. Hill) 1
Mr. Henry Morris' Rosefield
(Mr. Springfield) 2
Mr. Evelyn's Sir Eager (Mr. Ezra) 3
Time, 2min. 47.4-sec.

THE CONSOLATION CUP—One mile and
a quarter.

Mr. Lamerton's Bonnie (Mr. Rowe) 1
Mr. Elm's Mahatma (Mr. Dalgarino) 2
Mr. Habitant's Halcio
(Mr. J. K. Brand) 3
Time, 2min. 46.3-sec.

THE CHAMPION SWEEPSTAKES—One mile
and a quarter.

Mr. G. H. Thomson's Paladin
(Mr. Burkill) 1
Mr. Ellis Kadoorie's Fijian Chief
(Mr. Rowe) 2
Mr. Henry Morris' Cornfield
(Mr. Stewart) 3
Time, 2min. 42.1-sec.

[The fastest time on record for the
Championship is 2m. 33.4/5secs. by Gemini
in 1909.]

THE NIP DESPENSARIUM CUP—Seven
furlongs.

Mr. Shanghai's Peter
(Mr. J. A. Brand) 1
Mr. Perny's Perversity
(Mr. Laurence) 2
Mr. B. P. Kongal's The Game Bird
(Mr. J. K. Brand) 3
Time, 1min. 32.7-sec.

THE LATE REV. BROTHER PETER.

On the initiative of the President of
St. Joseph's College Old Boys' Associa-
tion (Mr. Henry Dixon), a meeting was
held in the College Hall, which was
draped in black, yesterday for the
purpose of passing a resolution of sympathy
with the Christian Brothers on the death
of the Rev. Brother Peter (Director of
the College).

Mr. Dixon presided, and, in moving the
resolution, said that Brother Peter's
death removed from the sphere of educa-
tion in Hongkong a factor calculated to
work for its greater advancement and
success. From the very first he threw
himself heart and soul into his new
duties in Hongkong. Brother Peter was
a man of prolific ideas, and was full of
energy and vigour to translate those ideas
into action. His plans embraced not only
the details of the purely administrative
work in St. Joseph's College, but included,
among other things, a scheme for raising
the College into an institution for
secondary education, the provision of an
elementary school, and the equipment of
a Catholic hostel in connection with the
University of Hongkong.

The resolution was seconded by Mr. J.
E. O'Farrell, and carried in silence,
those present understanding.
The resolution was as follows:—"That
the past and present pupils of St.
Joseph's College, friends of the institu-
tion in meeting assembled, deeply regret
the death of Rev. Brother Peter, the late
Director of St. Joseph's College, Hong-
kong, which they regard not only as an
irreparable loss to the College and its
pupils but to the cause of education in
the Colony in general. They deeply
sympathize with the Staff of the College
upon the loss of their esteemed Superior
and they respectfully convey to the Most
Rev. the Superior General and the mem-
bers of the great Brotherhood of the
Christian Schools an expression of their
sympathy in the great loss they have
sustained by the death of Rev. Brother
Peter, who had proved himself so worthy
and talented a member of their order."
The Chinese division of the College
also associated themselves with the
resolution.

"TAI ON" DISASTER. THE FINDING OF THE MARINE COURT OF ENQUIRY.

The hearing of the enquiry into the disaster attending the *Tai On* on her fateful voyage from Hongkong to Kowloon on the 27th April was resumed yesterday, before Commander Basil Taylor, R.N. (Marine Magistrate, President of the Court); Lieut. T. D. Sharp, R.N. (H.M.S. *Tamar*); Messrs. T. F. Wheeler (master *Kumang*); J. W. Evans (master *Haimun*); and John Robinson (master *Sunghang*).

No further witnesses were called. The finding of the Court was as follows:—

"We find that the British s.s. *Tai On*, O.N. 93958, of Hongkong, of which Robert Henry Wetherell, the number of whose certificate of competency as Master is 04691 of London, was Master, left Hongkong on the 27th April, 1914, on a voyage to Kowloon, with a general cargo of about 100 tons, 395 passengers, of whom only 363 paid any fares, and a crew of 38. At about 10 p.m., the ship being then off the Island of Kiu An, near the Swatow entrance to the West River, some of the passengers who had embarked at Hongkong rose and attempted to gain possession of the ship, being armed with Mauser and Browning pistols. They attacked the bridge, where the Master, Mate, Chief Engineer, and two armed Portuguese guards were entrenched behind iron and barbed-wire grilles and loop-holed bullet-proof shields, who were able to repel the attack of their assailants, with the loss on their side of one—the Chief Engineer—slightly wounded.

"The pirates then retreated below, and endeavoured to persuade some of the peaceful passengers to go up and call upon the master to surrender, and upon their refusal to do so shot them. They then deliberately set the ship on fire in two or three places. This was about 11 o'clock.

"In the meanwhile the officers, in the intervals of fighting, fired distress signals—rockets, bombs, and coloured lights, which were seen and answered by the British steamers *Shun Lee*, *Shiu On*, and *Hoi Sang*, which were on their way down the river, bound for Hongkong, and by the Chinese s.s. *Ho Kwai*, bound for Kowloon. These four ships rendered all assistance in their power, and succeeded in rescuing some 168 persons by means of their boats.

"The flames spread rapidly, and the ship was shortly ablaze from stem to stern, the passengers, including pirates and crew, jumping overboard. Many, however, appear to have been unable to escape, and were burnt.

"The anchor was let go to bring the ship's head to wind, but the officers soon found the bows untenable, and had to jump also, the Master being the last to leave the ship. They were picked up, with the exception of the Mate, Mr. F. C. Evans, who was unable to secure a lifebelt, the fire having reached his cabin when he went to get one.

"This ship was completely gutted, but was subsequently towed back to Hongkong, when the charred remains of 17 bodies were found on board, besides evidences of many more, almost totally consumed by the flames.

"We find that no blame attaches to any of the certificated officers, who took all possible steps to secure the safety of the ship, and conducted the defence of the bridge most gallantly. The means adopted for the protection of the bridge appear to have been most efficient.

"We are of opinion that the conduct of the Master of the British s.s. *Lianan*, in failing to stand by the *Tai On* or to render her any assistance, requires further enquiry, as does that of the Master of the *On Lee*, who similarly failed.

"We also wish to point out the irregularity, and very probable source of danger, of the practice, which seems to be universal on board vessels on this run, of carrying an unlimited number of passenger runners, cargo brokers, and live stock attendants, who pay no fare, and are coming supposed to form an intelligence department for the pirates."

THE PIRACY OF THE "CHILDAR."

Before Mr. Wood, at the Magistracy yesterday, ten Chinese, three of whom were arrested at Yau-mati, and the remaining seven of whom were brought from Macao, were charged "that they piratically and feloniously did assault mariners and divers other persons on board the *Childar* on the 15th March, and put them in fear of their lives, and also piratically, feloniously, and violently did steal \$14,000 worth of jewellery and clothing."

The Crown Solicitor (Mr. P. M. Hodgson) prosecuted. His Worship observed that he already had two charges against the three men arrested at Yau-mati, and asked the Crown Solicitor what he proposed doing in regard to this matter.

Mr. Hodgson said that the charges would stand as at present, and they would have to be combined, as the evidence in respect of all the defendants was the same. He asked for a week's remand, and intimated that he would then be able to proceed on a date then arranged.

Prisoners were remanded until Wednesday next. Mr. Agassiz (of Mr. R. A. Harding's Office) applied for bail on behalf of the woman prisoner. At the Crown Solicitor's suggestion his Worship fixed the amount of the bail at \$5,000.

HONGKONG IRON MINING CO.

G. LANZIUS v. SIR PAUL CHATER.
THIRD DAY.

At the Supreme Court yesterday in Original Jurisdiction, before Mr. H. H. J. Gompertz, Chief Justice, the action was continued, in which Mr. George Lanzius, a mining engineer, sues Sir Paul Chater, C.M.G., in connection with prospecting and mining transactions. The plaintiff claims: (1), The sum of \$45,000; (2), 1864 fully paid up shares of \$100 each in the Hongkong Iron Mining Co., Ltd., or, in the alternative, the sum of \$15,650.

Mr. C. G. Alabaster and Mr. Eldon Potter (instructed by Mr. Willson, of Messrs. Stephens & Willson) appeared for the plaintiff, and Mr. Sharp, K.C. (instructed by Mr. Looker, of Messrs. Deacon, Looker, Deacon & Harrison), represented the defendant.

Mr. Sharp, continuing his address, said he had a few words to add to what he said the previous day upon two points. One was that he found he had understated the evidence which he was going to call upon the old work done. He understood as a matter of fact that not one ounce of stuff was ever obtained for sale or sold, which had been got from the iron mining area. He did not know whether that really affected the case, but he was under the impression that the previous day he said something which might give his Lordship a wrong impression. There were certainly some rights. But if he had said that material was in fact taken out and sold it was not so. With regard to the other mines, no mining rights were obtained or were ever exercised, and not an ounce of stuff was brought up for commercial purposes or for sale. The other point was in relation to what he had described as the new case. He did not think he had made himself clear on that point. It was a new case for several seasons. In the writ the other side claimed for remuneration for services, but it was not stated in the writ how the claim arose. In the new case the claim was made under two heads. Under the 1905 written agreement it was due for work called prospecting. Then in the original agreement also it was claimed under an express promise to pay for prospecting work. It was in these respects only that the new statement was made last month. The other side said there was an express promise to pay in the 1905 agreement. Last month the new claim was sprung upon them, that was to say, that a new contract had been set out, and also new work. By the new contract he meant a verbal contract of employment. To do what? Not prospecting, but managing, mining, developing and opening up mines. That was not included in prospecting. Mr. Sharp added that the right of one partner to bring an action against another was only limited to certain cases, but this was one in which such a course was quite inside the law.

Mr. Potter then addressed his Lordship on what he described as minor points which could not be decided at that period; partnership, construction of agreement, etc. His first point was that of acquiescence. In law acquiescence could be no defence to that form of action at all. Another point was that of accounts stated. That was wholly a question of fact. He himself had never heard, and he did not think Mr. Alabaster had done so, of what position the defence took up with regard to the defence of accounts stated. They had been assured time after time that the defence did not desire to take any technical defence. All he could say was that the defence was wholly technical from beginning to end. There was the question also of the basis on which the accounts were put up. That was going to be used as a defence or it was not. They had heard a lot about the way in which the plaintiff had been treated by the defendant, the kindly way in which defendant had acted; that he did not want to press things, that he was generally going to treat plaintiff in a very liberal way, and that he was not going to put up a technical defence. Yet his friend, Mr. Sharp, after saying all this, had said in the same breath that he would prove what took place at a meeting which they absolutely denied ever did take place. For what purpose, he asked? As a defence, of course. Sir Paul Chater, according to Mr. Sharp, was taking up the position he did as he was desirous of avoiding technicalities. He (Mr. Potter) saw no reason why he should do so. What was the meaning of the agreement of 1908? proceeded Counsel. This brought him to the point which had been made of the second issue, as to the request to do certain work. It had been argued that if one man worked for another, it need not be assumed that he should be paid for it. He held that if a man was requested to work for another that

request carried with it payment and remuneration. If there was no request another point would arise. What would happen if a man blacked his boots although he had not asked him to do so? Referring to the Statute of Limitation, and the question which had been raised as to their bringing in a new case, he would say at once that it was not the new case which they were depending upon. He admitted at once that taking their writ as it was it was a claim for remuneration for professional services. If they wished to add to their statement of claim a claim for damages or slander or anything else it would be clearly law. When they had started an action they stopped the Statute running, and that came in in that case. They stopped the Statute running against a certain claim by issuing a writ. He had authority to show that that could be done. They had to commence and issue the action before the expiry of six years. What they did, and what the other side had put forward as a new case, was simply to give further particulars of the professional services. Sir Paul Chater, he asked his Lordship to bear in mind, had never written, nor had his solicitor, saying that he wanted to conclude the partnership. In face of what his friend had said, and of the evidence which he said he would be calling, Sir Paul Chater would surely have long ago written to Lanzius, or got his solicitor to do so, saying, "From to-day our partnership is at an end." Why was Sir Paul Chater now claiming to be a partner of Mr. Lanzius? He (Mr. Potter) would show his Lordship why. It was a good defence to that branch of their claim relating to work done. Until 1912 Sir Paul had never suggested that he was a partner. And even if there was a partnership, which he absolutely denied, that was no answer to the claim. It was law that no action could be brought until a partnership was at an end. But as to partnership in this case his point was this: In most partnership cases of which he had read or heard in 99 per cent. of them they had the plaintiff coming into Court to claim he was a partner and the defendant coming into Court denying he was a partner. In this case, peculiarly enough, that position was reversed. They had the plaintiff coming into Court saying he was not a partner and the defendant coming into Court saying "we are partners." He asked his Lordship to ask himself why that was necessary. He thought the answer was that the defendant hoped that if he would be able to satisfy his Lordship that a partnership stood it would be a very good defence to any claim by the plaintiff in the shape of remuneration; as his friend had properly pointed out, there was a statutory presumption against a partner being entitled to remuneration unless it was expressly provided for in the partnership deeds, or unless he could prove express promise to pay such remuneration. Therefore, once again, he said, they had the defendant raising the defence, call it technical if they liked, of a partnership with the express object of defeating the other side. Sir Paul was quite entitled to do it, but in doing so he was putting forward pleas which would have never entered into his head if they had not put forward the claim they did. They had been told that Sir Paul Chater could only refuse to pay that remuneration on two grounds; he could not pay, or he would not pay. That was to say, he had nothing to pay with—he agreed with his friend that that position was never likely to arise and he hoped it never would—or that he would not because he was dishonest. They had not suggested that. He (Mr. Potter) could conceive many possibilities between those two and he did not think the defences were exhausted at all. But this he could say, whether Sir Paul paid the remuneration or not, and he would put it to his Lordship, did he believe Sir Paul Chater would claim to be a partner of two mining engineers whom he had never seen before July, 1905? When he said that he did not mean that Sir Paul Chater would be in any way ashamed to be a partner; but had he ever claimed to be such unless it was to stand for him as his defence to that action? Counsel then proceeded to deal with the partnership document and said it was a strange and very vital fact that the word partnership was not mentioned throughout that document. It would not have been left out if it was really intended to be a partnership agreement, for it was drawn up by Mr. Victor Deacon, who was fully experienced in such matters. Such a point must weigh with any Court. Joint venture, he submitted, was not a partnership. Then, again, they found that the expense of the prospecting outfit was borne solely by Messrs. Chater and Mody; the expenses of the actual mining, etc., were also borne by Messrs. Chater and Mody. Lanzius and MacMillan had really no say in the financial matters.

His Lordship—It was suggested that one side had money and the others had not. Mr. Potter responded that on the other hand Lanzius and MacMillan had the discoveries and the other two had not; but that did not amount to partnership, and he did not care a rap about it. The fact was that Messrs. Chater and Mody were to decide, and they alone were to know, what money was to be expended on the prospecting and how much on the other things. The exploitation of discoveries rested solely with Messrs. Chater and Mody. That was pleaded and he quite agreed with it. The money for acquiring mining rights was also to be fixed by Messrs. Chater and Mody, and that really was the basis of the whole transaction. The actual acquisition of owners' rights was vested in Messrs. Chater and Mody. Then there was another important point. Messrs. Chater and Mody could withdraw at any moment, and if his friend's construction was correct, they could withdraw after the other two men had worked for a few years without earning a penny. That was why they heard so much about partnership; that after these two men had worked for a considerable time extending, prospecting and developing, in spite of all that, these other two could withdraw and be finished with it. If that was a partnership, unless it was expressly stated to the contrary, Lanzius and MacMillan could have gone round and pledged Messrs. Chater and Mody to any extent they liked. That was one of the points mentioned in a case quoted by Mr. Alabaster. The omission of the word partnership from the original agreement, he held, showed that partnership was never in the minds of Messrs. Chater and Mody or Lanzius and MacMillan. He submitted to his Lordship that a solicitor of the standing of Mr. Victor Deacon, or any solicitor, would not have passed an agreement of that kind if it was intended to constitute a partnership between these people. They were, *inter se*, partners among themselves, and as regards the whole world as well if that document made them so. Under that document the only right Lanzius and MacMillan had was to share in the gross and not net profits; they were not liable for a farthing of the losses, they bore no expense for prospecting or anything else. Lanzius and MacMillan could not authorise any liability at all, and the others could stop short at any moment they liked. In the original agreement no one was safe at all, and it was obvious, he thought, that Lanzius and MacMillan had no say in the matter. It had been said that the words "act with us" and "joint-venture," indicated partnership, but that was not so. Coming to the meaning of the word "expenses," Counsel contended that it obviously meant working expenses. That was obvious from his friend's argument. Looking at his friend's own case it was obvious that expenses included the costs of labour.

His Lordship—Do you mean coolies? Mr. Potter replied that not only did it include coolies, it covered the salaries and costs of an analyst and engineer; a Mr. Davidson and a Mr. Lanzius.

His Lordship suggested that it might be assumed that expenses meant only out-of-pocket expenses, and that this included remuneration, and that remuneration meant also that Lanzius and MacMillan had Sir Paul Chater's and Mr. Mody's names to assist them in the market, and to make their shares saleable. Possibly Lanzius and MacMillan themselves might not have been able to sell.

Mr. Potter said that no such thing was mentioned in the agreement. Lanzius and MacMillan had really presented Sir Paul Chater with their quarter of shares. They had no liability at all and were not responsible for a penny of the expense. The word "expenses" meant something more than out-of-pocket expenses. The word "expense" in the agreement was equivalent to "cost"—the cost of prospecting, including prospecting, digging shafts, coolies, and even machinery if it was used in prospecting. Was it reasonable to assume that they were to have a quarter share for the knowledge they had acquired, and nothing else? There was nothing on the face of the agreement to exclude expenses and remuneration for their services. They had done prospecting in obedience to orders and they were entitled to remuneration for the prospecting. If the agreement was such that the two men were to work for several years and get nothing at all unless Messrs. Chater and Mody chose to develop the mine, then it was most inequitable. If such were the case, the reward for their services, there was a suggestion that plaintiff's claim was a false one, and that it was not brought forward until 1911. It was discussed, and he could prove this, as far back as 1908. Sir Paul Chater could go into the witness-box and swear what he liked, but he would never convince Counsel that at the time the agreement was made partnership was in his mind. Surely it could never be said, either, that prospecting stopped when they had to dig into the ground? Prospecting meant looking for minerals, and they often found the minerals their prospecting was at for that, and then came the question as to whether what had been discovered justified them in working a mine. And if they had done prospecting work at the instruction of Sir Paul Chater, outside that agreement, then they were still entitled to remuneration. The sole judges of what was to be developed were Messrs. Chater and Mody, who seemed to think that they had bought the shares, because they had put the money up. What his Lordship had to decide was whether, on the agreement, the two men Lanzius and MacMillan could be compelled to do this prospecting work at the command of Messrs. Chater and Mody without remuneration. If that was so, what was the use of claiming? That was the point.

Mr. Potter had not concluded his argument when the Court adjourned until this morning.

When the legal issues have been dealt with, a special jury will be empanelled to deal with issues of fact.

CORRESPONDENCE.

THE RABIES EPIDEMIC.

[TO THE EDITOR OF THE "HONGKONG DAILY PRESS."]

Hongkong, May 6th, 1914.

Sir,—In view of the serious outbreak of Rabies in Kowloon and Hongkong, would it not be possible to give and enforce an order to muzzle all dogs in the Colony for a certain period and thus stamp out the disease as was done only a few years ago in England—Yours, etc.,

ONLOOKER.

"TAI ON" PIRACY RELIEF FUND.

[TO THE EDITOR OF THE "HONGKONG DAILY PRESS."]

Hongkong, May 6th, 1914.

Sir,—I beg to acknowledge receipt of the following subscriptions to the above fund:—

The Bishop of Victoria		\$ 50.00
Hon. Mr. H. E. Pollock, K.C.		50.00
"Pepe"		5.00
T. W. Scholes		5.00
L. Gibbs		25.00
"H.W."		25.00
"Matches"		6.00
Vacuum Oil Company		100.00
W. A. Dowley		50.00

All further donations, however small, will be welcome.

W. A. DOWLEY.

King's Buildings,

Connaught Road.

HONGKONG LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

QUESTIONS REGARDING THE HOSPITAL NURSING STAFF.

At the Legislative Council meeting this afternoon the following questions will be asked by Hon. Mr. H. E. Pollock, K.C.:—

- 1.—When was the decision arrived at to increase the staff of the Medical Department by two Probationers instead of by two Sisters; between what dates were the Probationers advertised for, and in what newspapers?
- 2.—Has it been found by the Government, as the result of experience, that it is an easy matter to engage Probationers possessing satisfactory qualifications? Do not such Probationers, as a rule, require, during the first year of their engagement, to be carefully supervised by the Sisters?
- 3.—In the year 1913 how many Military women and children were cared for in the Government Hospitals, and what fees did the Government receive in respect of such cases? Has there been any, and, if so, what increase in the Government Nursing Staff, and when, since the Government took over the care of such cases from the Military Authorities?
- 4.—How many Sisters are there now on the Nursing Staff at the Government Civil Hospitals? Are two of such Sisters liable to be sent down to the Kennedy Town Hospital to nurse small-pox and other infectious diseases, and are two more of such Sisters attending for the greater part of their time to the nursing of private cases in different parts of the Colony?
- 5.—How many Probationers are there now on the Government Nursing Staff, and how many were there on the 23rd October, 1913, and the 23rd April, 1914, respectively?
- 6.—When will the vacancies, which were caused by the marriages of two Sisters in April, 1914, be filled up? How long before such marriages did the Government know that they would take place, and has the Government taken any and what steps to fill up such vacancies and when?
- 7.—What is the maximum number of beds which a Sister on night duty has attended to since the 1st May 1913?

Hon. Mr. H. E. Pollock, K.C., has also given notice of his intention to move the following resolution:—

That the Governor-in-Council be requested to nominate (under the Commissioners Powers Ordinance, 1889), five Unofficial Justices of the Peace as Commissioners for the purpose of instituting, making and conducting an enquiry as to the sufficiency in numbers, efficiency, and organisation of the Nursing Staff at the Government Hospitals and as to their terms of service, pay and allowances.

ORDERS OF THE DAY.

The orders of the day are as follow:—First reading of a Bill entitled, "An Ordinance for more effectually preventing the Publication of Obscene Books, Pictures and other Articles."

Second reading of the Bill entitled, "An Ordinance to amend the Protection of Women and Girls Ordinance, 1897."

Second reading of the Bill entitled, "An Ordinance to amend the Magistrates' Ordinance, 1890."

Second reading of the Bill entitled, "An Ordinance to amend the Flogging Ordinance, 1903."

Second reading of the Bill entitled, "An Ordinance to amend the Airships Ordinance, 1912."

Second reading of the Bill entitled, "An Ordinance to provide for the public lighting of the Colony and for the protection of the appliances used in connection therewith."

Second reading of the Bill entitled, "An Ordinance to amend the Stamp Ordinance, 1901."

Committee on the Bill entitled, "An Ordinance to amend and consolidate the Law relating to Chinese Passengers Ships," as defined by the Chinese Passengers Act, 1855, and concerning Asiatic Emigrants generally."

Committee on the Bill entitled, "An Ordinance to provide for the registration of qualified Dental Surgeons and otherwise to regulate the practice of Dentistry."

* Will not be proceeded with.

INTIMATIONS

SORE UNDER KNEE CONSTANT ITCHING

Nearly Unbearable. Caused Great Pain. Always Running. Could Get Little Sleep. Half a Tin of Cuticura Ointment Healed Sore.

3, Russell St., Hull, Yorks, Eng.—"I had been troubled with a sore under my knee which caused me great pain, through its constant itching. The part affected was the flesh just under my knee about eight inches long. It began by a constant itching nearly unbearable, and was always running. I could get little sleep as it was always worse when my body was warm at night. I tried several remedies which utterly failed."

"I happened to see an advertisement one day about Cuticura Ointment and I thought I would try it. I used only one half a tin of Cuticura Ointment and this completely healed the sore which I had been troubled with for no less than eighteen months." (Signed) Fred Hudson, July 2, 1913.

Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment are sold everywhere. No other ointments do so much for pimples, blackheads, red, rough skin, itching, scaly scalp, dry, thin and falling hair, chapped hands and chaps on the lips, nor do it so economically. A sample of each with 25-p. Skin Book free from nearest depot: F. Newbery & Sons, 27, Charterhouse St., London; R. Towns & Co., Sydney; N. S. W.; Lenson, Ltd., Cape Town; Muller, Maclean & Co., Calcutta and Bombay; Potter D. & Co., Boston, U. S. A. Tender-faced men should shave with Cuticura Soap Shaving Stick. Sample free.

[562]

CHS. J. GAUPP & CO.,

WATCHMAKERS AND JEWELLERS.

SURVEYING AND NAUTICAL INSTRUMENTS.

ZEISS PRISM BINOCULARS.

SUN GLASSES.

SILVER AND PRINCE'S PLATE.

Representatives—

MAPPIN & WEBB, LTD.,

LONDON.

ALEXANDRA BUILDINGS,

CHATER ROAD.

[34]

CALDBECK, MACGREGOR & CO.

(ESTABLISHED 1864).

SOLE AGENTS FOR

FALCON

PILSENER BEER

A PURE LIGHT GERMAN BEER

FROM THE PILSEN DISTRICT.

POSSESSING ALL THE DELIGHTFUL

CHARACTERISTICS OF SUCH BEERS.

PER 1 DOZ. QUARTS. \$3.00

" " " PINTS 2.00

(Plus Government Duty for Local Orders)

[31]

NOTICES

Communications respecting Advertisements, Subscriptions, Printing, etc., should be addressed DAILY PRESS only, special business matter THE MANAGER.

Advertisements and Subscriptions which are not ordered for a fixed period will be continued until countermanded. Orders for extra copies of DAILY PRESS should be sent in before 11 a.m. on day of publication. After that hour the supply is limited. Only supplied for Cash.

P.O. Box, 55. Telephone No. 11.
Telegraphic Address: "P.H.S.S."
Cables: A.B.O. 5th Ed., Lieber's.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

JAVA CONSOLIDATED RUBBER AND COFFEE ESTATES, LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the FOURTH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the SHAREHOLDERS in the above Company will be held at No. 10, Canton Road, Shanghai, on FRIDAY, 16th May, 1914, at 3 p.m.

INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

FROM CALCUTTA, PENANG AND SINGAPORE.

THE Company's Steamship

"LOVAT," having arrived from the above Ports, Consignees of Cargo by her are hereby informed that their Goods will be delivered from alongside. Cargo impeding the discharge or remaining on board after Noon the 7th inst. will be landed at Consignees' risk and expense. No Fire Insurance will be effected. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., General Managers. Hongkong, 6th May, 1914. [11]

"BEN" LINE OF STEAMERS.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

S.S. "BENLEDI," FROM ANTWERP, MIDDLESBRO, LONDON AND STRAITS.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo are hereby informed that all Goods are being landed at their risk into the Godowns and/or extra hazardous Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd., where and/or from the wharves delivery may be obtained. No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 13th inst. will be subject to rent.

All Claims against the Steamer must be presented to the Undersigned on or before the 20th inst., or they will not be recognized. All broken, chipped and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on the 15th inst., at 11 a.m. No Fire Insurance has been effected. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co., Agents. Hongkong, 6th May, 1914. [690]

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

P.M. S.S. "SIBERIA,"

FROM SAN FRANCISCO JAPAN PORTS AND MANILA.

THE above-mentioned Vessel having arrived, Consignees of Cargo are hereby notified to send in their Bills of Lading for counter-signature and take immediate delivery of Cargo from alongside. Cargo impeding discharge will be landed immediately at Consignees' risk and expense.

Cargo remaining on board FRIDAY, 8th May, at Noon, will be landed at Consignees' risk and expense.

Cargo remaining undelivered WEDNESDAY, 13th May, at 5 p.m., will, in addition to landing charges, be subject to storage charges. No Fire Insurance whatever will be effected. All chipped and otherwise damaged Cargo will be examined at this Company's Godown MONDAY, 11th May, at 10 a.m.

No Claims will be entertained unless accompanied by short delivery note or list of exceptions taken at the time of delivery to Consignees and signed for and on behalf of the Pacific Mail S.S. Co.

All Claims must be filed on or before 28th May, otherwise they will not be recognized. R. C. MORTON, Agent. Hongkong, 6th May, 1914. [32]

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

THE P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Steamer

"INDIA," Arrived Hongkong on 6th May, 1914, FROM BOMBAY, COLOMBO AND SINGAPORE.

Consignees of Cargo by the above-named vessel are hereby informed that their goods are being landed and placed at THEIR RISK in the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company's Godowns at Kowloon, where each Consignment will be sorted out Mark by Mark and delivery can be obtained as the Goods are landed.

This vessel brings on Cargo—From London, &c., ex S.S. "Malaga," From Persian Gulf, ex S.S. B.I.S.N. and B. & P. S. N. Co.'s Steamers. Optional Goods will be landed here unless instructions are given to the contrary within 6 hours.

Goods not cleared within 8 days including day of arrival will be subject to rent. No Fire Insurance will be effected by me in any case whatever.

Damaged packages must be left in the Godowns for examination by the Consignees, and the Company's Surveyors, Messrs. GODDARD and DOUGLAS, at 10 a.m. on MONDAY and TUESDAY. All claims must be presented within ten days of the steamer's arrival here, after which date they cannot be recognized. No claims will be admitted after the goods have left the Godowns.

E. A. HEWITT, Superintendent. Hongkong, 6th May, 1914. [1]

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

NOTICE.

MR. AUGUST METZLER, having left our employ by Mutual Consent, CEASES to Sign our Firm per Procuration. We have this Day authorised MR. ALBERT NATHANSON, MR. FRANZ WEGMANN and MR. LUDWIG VICTOR LANGSTEIN to Sign our Firm per Procuration. ARNOLD, KARBURG & Co. Hongkong and Canton, 6th May, 1914. [677]

TO LET.

From 1st July, 1914.

IN CANTON on SHAMHEEN LOT 55, The premises now in the occupation of the Bank of Taiwan, Ltd. Apply to—DAVID SASSOON & Co., Ltd., Hongkong, 7th May, 1914. [678]

INTIMATIONS

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF HONGKONG.

COMPANIES (Voluntarily Winding-up).

IN THE MATTER OF THE COMPANIES ORDINANCE, 1911, and IN THE MATTER OF THE PAN HING HOTEL COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the PAN HING HOTEL COMPANY, LIMITED (寶興酒店有限公司), will be held at Messrs. U. RUM-JAHN & Co.'s Offices at No. 6, Des Vaux Road Central, on SATURDAY, the 9th day of May, 1914, at 2 o'clock in the Afternoon, for the purpose of considering and, if thought fit, passing an Extraordinary Resolution the following Resolution, that is to say: "That the Company be wound up voluntarily and that Mr. LO WAI SUN (盧蔚臣), Manager of the Company, be and he is hereby appointed Liquidator for the purpose of such winding-up." Should the above resolution be passed by the requisite majority, it will be submitted for confirmation as a special resolution to a second Extraordinary General Meeting, which will be subsequently convened.

Dated the 1st day of May, 1914.

By Order of the Board, LO WAI SUN, Manager. [654]

THE CHINA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

SHAREHOLDERS are reminded that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Company will be held at No. 3, Queen's Road Central, Victoria, Hongkong, on MONDAY, the 11th day of May, 1914, at 12 o'clock Noon, when the subjoined Resolution which was passed at the Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company held on the 23rd day of April, 1914, will be submitted for confirmation as a Special Resolution.

"That the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company be respectively extended, altered and amended so as to read as shown in the print signed for the purpose of identification by the Chairman of this Meeting and that such extended, altered and amended Memorandum and Articles of Association be henceforth adopted as the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company." "to the exclusion of those heretofore prevailing."

By Order of the Board of Directors, C. PEMBERTON, Secretary. Hongkong, 25th April, 1914. [685]

RADIUM THERAPY.

We can Supply

RADIUM BROMIDE for the treatment of Cancer and Skin Diseases, such as Lupus, Scori, Angioma (Port-wine-stain), Warts, etc., and anybody wishing to be so treated by this Doctor should communicate with him, or ask us for further particulars.

A. S. WATSON & Co., Ltd.,

Representing—WERNER RUDENBERG & Co. (Shanghai),

(RADIUM-HEIL-GESELLSCHAFT m.b.H., Berlin). [641]

RADIUM EMANATION THERAPY.

WE herewith beg to inform the Public that we have made arrangements with

MESSRS. A.S. WATSON & Co., Ltd.,

and MESSRS. THE MEDICAL HALL

to Supply our

SAUBERMANN RADIUM

"EMANATION" GENERATORS

on a Doctor's Prescription. The Generators have been made by the RADIUM-HEIL-GESELLSCHAFT m.b.H. of Berlin, and they have all been attested to by the IMPERIAL GERMAN TECHNICAL-PHYSICAL TESTING INSTITUTE at Berlin.

Clinical literature and further details may be had on application to the above-named Firms.

WERNER RUDENBERG & Co.,

Shanghai,

Sole Agents for Hongkong and China

for the RADIUM-HEIL-GESELLSCHAFT

m.b.H., Berlin. [642]

INTIMATIONS

LANE, CRAWFORD & Co.

TELEPHONE 97.

GENTLEMEN'S SHIRTS

THE FABRIC

is Best Zephyr, light in weight, strong in texture.

THE DESIGNS

are the newest effects in Shirtings and Comprise a variety of Neat Stripes in all colours. The Dye is the best obtainable.

THE FINISH

is the best while the shape is fully fashioned by expert London Shirtmakers.

THE PRICE:

WITH STIFF CUFFS \$3.00 and \$4.00

OR

SOFT DOUBLE CUFFS \$4.00

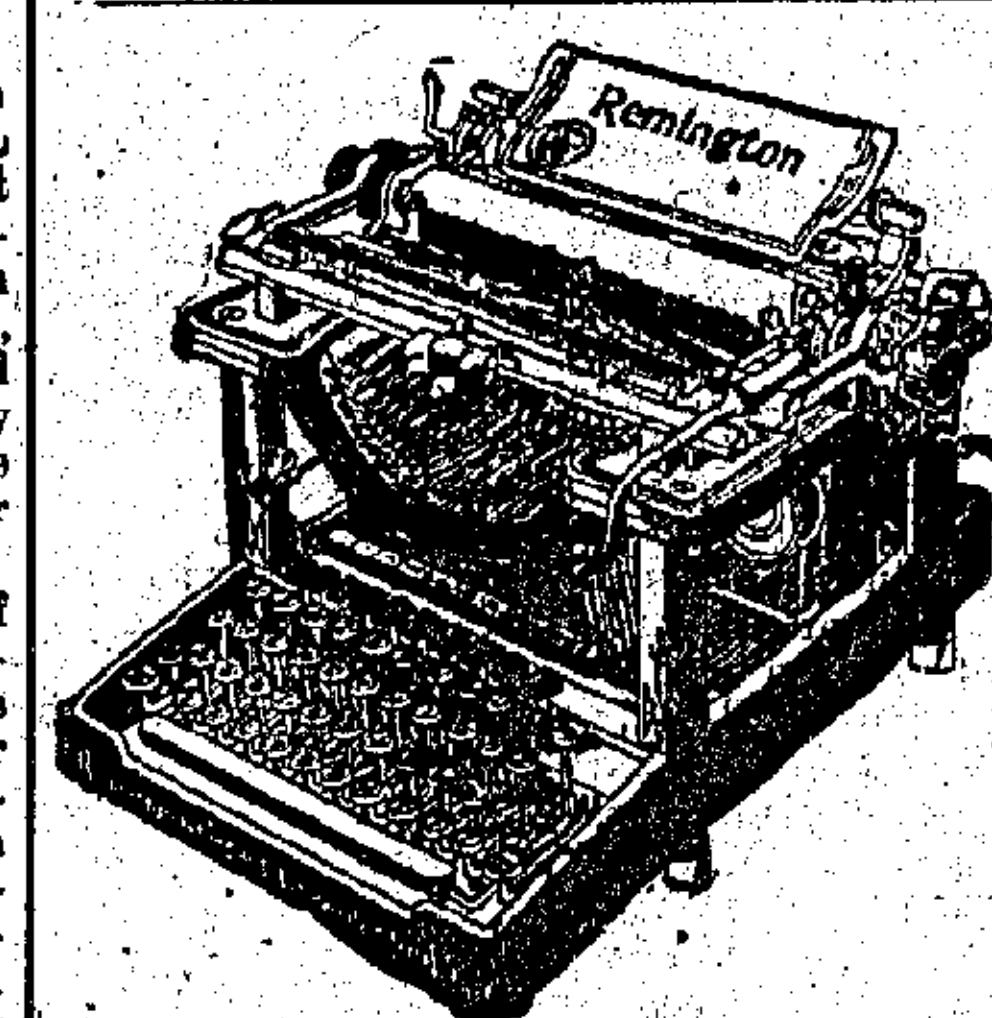
THE "CRAWFORD"

DOUBLE COLLARS

IN 1½, 1¾, 2, 2¼, 2½ INCHES DEEP.

ALL SIZES \$4.50 PER DOZ.

LANE, CRAWFORD & Co.



THE NAME REMINGTON

STANDS FOR

The Longest History. The Widest Experience. The Greatest Manufacturing Resources. The Most Complete and Comprehensive Product.

The Largest Selling Organization of any concern in the Typewriter Business. From every angle and from every point of view the REMINGTON qualities are the "Recognized Leader Among Typewriters"—FIRST AND ALWAYS.

Official Typewriter of the Panama-Pacific International Exposition.

REMINGTON TYPEWRITER COMPANY

(Incorporated).

SIEMSEN & CO., SOLE AGENTS for Hongkong, Canton, South China and Formosa. [54]

WM. STEWART & Co.

TIMBER MERCHANTS, MEASURERS, AND TIMBER EXPERTS.

5, ALEXANDRA BUILDINGS.

IMPORTERS of Teak, Hardwoods, Oregon Pine and Japanese Oak in Logs and Planks.

Teak and Hardwood supplied Machine Sawn to any Dimensions.

Floorings—Slate to Order.

Philippine Hardwood Wharf Piles in lengths up to 60 feet.

The attention of Architects, Civil Engineers and Contractors is directed to the splendid range of Philippine Hardwoods suitable for constructional purposes.

Prices and Samples on application. Hongkong, 2nd May, 1914. [652]



HAVE YOU USED KAMINIA OIL?

(Registered).

THE WORLD'S FAVOURITE

HAIR OIL.

For Beautifying and Increasing the Growth of the Hair, for preventing its falling off, for restoring it to its natural colour, for making it silky, pliant and lustrous, and for keeping the brain cool and refreshed. No other Hair Oil can approach it in perfection. It has, besides, the most delicate and charming perfume.

TEST IT FREE.

A sample phial will be sent free of charge to all who write for it.

PRICE ... 80 Cents a bottle, nett.

Can be had from all Universal Providers and other principal dealers in the Colony or from the Sole Agent, CHAO CHUK WAN, No. 1, Yee Wo Street, Hongkong.

Sole Proprietors—KAMINIA PERFUMERY COMPANY, Bombay, India. [667]

NOTICE.

THE Interest and Responsibility of MR. ALFRED ARYER in our Firm CEASES on the 8th day of February last. LEIGH & ORANGE. Hongkong, 1st May, 1914. [634]

NOTICE.

MR. PATRICK CUMMING HUTTON, P.O. Box 11, and MR. HERBERT RICHARD BUDD HANCOCK have joined our Firm as Assistants. BENJAMIN & POTTS. Hongkong, 4th May, 1914. [684]

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that THE SWEDISH TRADING COMPANY IN CHINA (LTD.) have been Appointed Agents for THE FAR EAST OXYGEN & ACETYLENE CO., LTD., as from the 1st of May, 1914. For particulars concerning welding, sale of gas or apparatus for welding purposes or any kind of repair please apply to the said Firm. Address: QUEEN'S BUILDING, Top Floor, Telephone No. 1033.

THE FAR EAST OXYGEN & ACETYLENE CO., LTD.

For the Board of Directors, J. DE LA POMERAYE, Managing Director.

Hongkong, 1st May, 1914. [668]

PUBLIC COMPANIES

KROEWORK JAVA PLANTATIONS, LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the FOURTH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the SHAREHOLDERS in the above Company will be held at No. 10, Canton Road, Shanghai, on MONDAY, the 11th May, 1914, at 4 p.m.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 7th to 11th May, 1914, both days inclusive. By Order of the Board of Directors, J. A. WATTE & Co., Ltd., Secretaries and General Managers. [670]

THE HONGKONG ELECTRIC CO., LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TWENTY-FIFTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the SHAREHOLDERS will be held at the Company's Offices, George's Buildings, on THURSDAY, the 14th May, 1914, at 11.30 a.m., for the purpose of presenting the Report of the Directors, together with a Statement of Accounts to 28th February, 1914, and electing Directors and Auditors.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 30th April to the 14th May, 1914, both days inclusive. By Order of the Board of Directors, GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co., Agents. Hongkong, 23rd April, 1914. [611]

CANTON INSURANCE OFFICE, LTD.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE THIRTY-THIRD ORDINARY MEETING of SHAREHOLDERS will be held at the Offices of the Undersigned on MONDAY, the 18th May, 1914, at 11.30 a.m. The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 4th to the 18th May, both days inclusive.

JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., General Agents. Hongkong, 30th April, 1914. [644]

THE CANTON INSURANCE OFFICE, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the CANTON INSURANCE OFFICE, LIMITED, will be held at the Offices of Messrs. JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., LIMITED, No. 16, Pedder Street, Victoria, in the Colony of Hongkong, on MONDAY, the 18th day of May, 1914, at 11.45 o'clock in the Forenoon, when the Subjoined Resolution will be proposed as an Extraordinary Resolution.

That Article 84 of the Articles of Association be altered by substituting the words "Twenty-five" for the words "Fifteen."

Should the Resolution be passed by the required majority it will be submitted for confirmation as a special Resolution to a Second Extraordinary Meeting which will be subsequently convened.

Dated this 30th day of April, 1914. JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., General Agents. [645]

SOCIETE DES PULPES ET PAPETERIES DU TONKIN.

NOTICE OF MEETING.

SHAREHOLDERS of the above Society are hereby summoned to an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING to be held at the Head Office of the Company, No. 21 Rue Jules Ferry, Haiphong, on MONDAY, 25th May, 1914, at 3 o'clock p.m.

Objects of the Meeting:—To authorize an issue of 2,000 New Preference Shares of 850 each in place of an issue of 3,900 New Preference Shares of 850 each previously notified.

By Order, LOWE, BINGHAM & MATTHEWS, Local Secretaries. Hongkong, 1st May, 1914. [606]

NOTICE.

NEITHER the Captain, Owners or Agents will be Responsible for any Debts Contracted by the Officers and/or Crew of the American Barque "JAMES TURN" during her stay in this port.

Hongkong, 9th April, 1914. [531]

WEIHAIWEI SCHOOL.

AN ENGLISH SCHOOL in British Territory favoured with a "magnificent climate." Preparation by experienced and qualified teachers for entrance to schools in England, or for commercial life in the East. School-house by the sea. Recreations:—See bathing, boating, cricket, football, etc.

For terms, apply to the Headmaster, HERBERT L. BEER, L.C.P. 1343.

TO THE MEDICAL PROFESSION

MISS MORITA, CERTIFICATED MASSEUSE (with diplomas in Physiology and Anatomy), will be pleased to give Massage, under medical supervision. Address—NOMURA HOTEL, 15, 16 and 17, Connaught Road. Telephone No. 400. Hongkong 2nd December, 1913. [1388]

THE CHINA IMPORT AND EXPORT LUMBER CO., LIMITED.

ARNHOLD, KARBURG & Co., General Agents.

WE HAVE This Day Opened a LUMBER YARD and OFFICES at North Point next to the Kwong Sang Hong Glass Factory.

The sailing Vessel "James Turner" has arrived with a well assorted Cargo of about 14 Million sq. ft. of

OREGON PINE.

Planks, Timber, Floorings and Spars.

Prices will be quoted on application.

All Correspondence please address to—

THE CHINA IMPORT AND EXPORT LUMBER CO., LTD.

Letter Box No. 420. Telephone No. 1710. Hongkong, 14th April, 1914. [650]

ENTERTAINMENTS

THERE'S ONLY ONE

THE

HIPPODROME

CIRCUS

AND

MENAGERIE.

ACKNOWLEDGED THE BARNUM OF THE EAST.

NEW ARTISTES!

NEW ARTISTES!

30 IN NUMBER 30

Also 011

ZOO OF PERFORMING

WILD ANIMALS.

Trained and Performed by

DOMPTEUR G. URBAN.

The whole forming the most

POWERFUL COMBINATION OF ITS

KIND NOW

TOURING THE ORIENT.

LOOK! For the visions of Salome Dance

LOOK! (BY TEN LADIES).

LOCATION: CAUSEWAY BAY.

In our

SPECIALLY ERECTED MATSHEDS.

GRAND OPENING NIGHT!

SATURDAY, MAY 9TH,

AT 9.15 P.M.

MATINEES:

EVERY WEDNESDAY AND

SATURDAY, AT 4 P.M. SHARP.

Children Half-Price to Matinees only.

BOX PLAN AT ROBINSON

PIANO Co., LTD., NOW OPENED.

For full particulars see Pictorial and Handbills.

COL. BOB LOVE,

Touring Manager. Hongkong, 4th May, 1914. [680]

AUCTION

G. R.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

PARTICULARS AND CONDITIONS of the letting by Public Auction Sale, to be held on MONDAY, the 11th day of May, 1914, at 3 p.m., at the Offices of the PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, by Order of His EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR, of Hongkong, of the RIGHT TO QUARRY STONE on Four Lots of Crown Land at Ngau Shi Wan in the New Territories of Hongkong, for a period extending from the 11th day of May, up to and including the 31st day of December, 1914.

PARTICULARS OF THE LOTS.

No. of Sale.	Quarry Lot No.	Locality.	Contents in Acres.	Unsettled Grown Rest.
1	14.	Ngau Shij Wan.	12.30	\$2.24
				668

DIET IN DYSENTERY.

Dysentery seems indigenous in many parts of the country during the summer. Wise, therefore, is he who safeguards himself against the disease and seeks medical aid at the first suspicion of its onset.

The best preventive is to invigorate the system to withstand an attack. For this purpose nothing compares with Sanatogen, of which the Rt. Rev. the Bishop of Irlina writes: "Sanatogen has cured me of an obstinate dysentery from which I suffered for a long time, having found all drugs powerless against it—perhaps because I cannot stick to a milk diet. Sanatogen has cured me even without milk."

Sanatogen rebuilds the strength and vitalizes the bodily forces which are brought to a low level by the incessant diarrhoea and loss of blood. It owes its remarkable properties to its unique composition, which has won for it the highest endorsements from over twenty thousand doctors. By the advice of many practitioners, large numbers of Europeans in China are using Sanatogen daily as a preventive against dysentery and to keep themselves at the highest pitch of nervous and physical well-being.

Sanatogen can be obtained of all Chemists, in bottles of two sizes. [111-S. 603a]

SHIPPING IN PORT.

STEAMERS.

ALBANA, British str., 2,438, Wm. Dunbar, 1st May—Chingwantao 24th April, Coal.—Doddwell & Co.

ANCHIN, German str., 1,001, M. Engelhart, 2nd May—Bangkok 24th April, General.—Butterfield & Swire.

BORNEO, German str., 1,315, J. Mohler, 3rd May—Sandakan 27th April, Timber.—Melchers & Co.

BULLMOUTH, British str., 2,507, Hill, 3rd May—Shanghai 30th April, Ballast.—Asiatic Petroleum Co.

CHOWTAL GERIN, str., 1,115, B. Gathemann, 2nd May—Bangkok and Swatow 1st May, Rice.—Butterfield & Swire.

CHOWKANG, British str., 1,429, M. Courtney, 4th May—Watu 28th April, General.—Jardine, Matheson & Co.

EMERALD, British str., 2,846, E. Pilcher, 2nd May—Sydney and Manila 30th April, General.—Gibb, Livingstone & Co.

EMERALD OF RUSSIA, British str., 3,789, W. Davison, 5th May—Vancouver 16th April, General.—Canadian Pacific Railway Co.

FARNLEY, British str., 2,954, Appleton, 27th April—Chingwantao 20th April, Coal.—Kailan Mining Co.

FOOKSANG, British str., 1,897, T. A. Mitchell, 5th May—Singapore 29th April, General.—Jardine, Matheson & Co.

HEIYO MARU, Japanese str., 2,359, S. Okutani, 5th May—Kobe 23rd April, Rice and Mail.—Order.

HARLAN, British str., 1,198, H. S. Stewart, 5th May—Amoy 4th May, General.—Douglas, Laprak & Co.

HAVANA, Norwegian str., 1,086, C. Beck, 2nd May—Saigon 23rd April, Rice.—Java-China-Japan Line.

HONG WAI, British str., 2,060, J. Mason, 30th April—Singapore 25th April, General.—Order.

HUE, French str., 710, Cornelissen, 3rd May—K. C. Wan 2nd May, General.—A. R. Marty.

INDRAMA, British str., 3,330, Jones, 4th May—Shanghai 1st May, General.—Jardine, Matheson & Co.

KOREA, American str., 5,651, A. W. Nelson, 28th April—San Francisco 4th April, General.—Pacific Mail S.S. Co.

KUSISANG, British str., 2,077, Wheeler, 4th May—Moj 25th April, Coal.—Jardine, Matheson & Co.

KWONGSANG, British str., 1,418, W. F. Richard, 3rd May—Swatow 2nd April, General.—Jardine, Matheson & Co.

LOVAT, British str., 3,995, R. Glegg, 4th May—Moj 25th April, Coal and General.—Jardine, Matheson & Co.

LOONGSANG, British str., 1,850, G. W. W. Leask, 5th May—Manila 2nd May, General.—Jardine, Matheson & Co.

PATILLA, British str., 3,501, Narbes, 3rd May—Shanghai 30th April, Ballast.—Asiatic Petroleum Co.

PROMETHEUS, Norwegian str., 1,642, Jensen, 4th May—Bangkok 27th April, Rice.—Chinese.

MINNESOTA, American str., 2,718, J. M. Gielick, 1st May—Seattle 28th March, General.—Nippon Yusen.

SISMAN, British str., 1,345, Hutchison, 25th April—Manila 23rd April, Ballast.—Bunce & Co.

TAKO MARU, No. 19, Japanese str., 2,542, Nomura, 30th April—Moj 24th April, Coal.—Mitsui Bishi Goshi Kaisha.

TIENTSIN, British str., 1,228, F. McGarity, 4th May—Tientsin 28th April, General.—Butterfield & Swire.

TOKAI MARU, Japanese str., 2,718, D. Komura, 25th April—Mitsui Bishi Kaisha, April, Coal.—Mitsui Bishi Kaisha.

CAUSES OF CANCER.

TWO THEORIES EXAMINED.

The *Times* has published two articles recently dealing with the cause and incidence of cancer which deserve notice in the light of recent research work. The first drew attention to a very well-known phenomenon or superstition—the alleged existence of "cancer houses"—the second to the suspected influence of smoke, or rather of sulphur in smoke, on the causation of cancer.

The writer of the first article draws attention to a number of cases in which the disease has been recurrent in certain houses, either among members of the same family or among successive occupants. These cases may be coincidences or they may be traceable to some obscure factor not at present known.

On one point, however, the conclusions of modern research are clear: that, if cancer tends to recur in certain houses, it is not through "infection." The one apparently firm result to which the reports of the Imperial Cancer Research Fund stand committed is that the disease originates locally in the tissues of the sufferer, and that the determining cause of its onset is long-continued irritation. If houses could be "infected" with cancer, the greatest "cancer-house" in the world would be the laboratory of the Fund itself, where some twenty thousand mice, diseased and healthy, are kept in proximity. But there is no sign that the healthy mice contract malignant disease from their environment.

THE "HOUSES" FALLACY.

Seeing that the authorities of the Imperial Cancer Research Fund are continually in receipt of letters from people asking if they ought not to burn down their houses because a case has occurred in them, it is desirable that the apprehension which may have been excited by the *Times* article should be allayed as quickly as possible.

The evidence produced in the second article on Cancer and Smoke is at once much stronger, the result of more scientific observation, and more in accord with the conclusions of recent research. Smoke, or the fumes of sulphur in smoke, may, undoubtedly, cause irritation, and the incidence of chimney-sweep's cancer and pitch cancer, as is pointed out in the article, proves this point to a certain extent.

The theory is also compatible with the conclusion that cancer is caused by long-continued irritation in certain persons who are, for reasons yet undiscovered, susceptible to it.

SMOKE CHIMNEYS.

And here, possibly, the conclusion dovetails in with the theory of the existence of "cancer houses" to some small degree. It may be that smoky chimneys cause an irritation of the kind necessary to bring about the onset of the disease. But this article would, of course, only account for attacks in certain organs exposed to the action of the smoke.

At most, therefore, it may be shown that smoke is not the cause, but a cause of cancer, and that, owing to peculiarities of construction or situation, this cause may tend to operate in some houses more powerfully than in others.

NON-ROLLING STEAMER.

FEATURES OF NEW BELGIAN TURBINE PACKET.

The Belgian State cross-channel mail service has just been reinforced by the addition of a new steamer, the *Ville de Liège*, which brings the number of turbine boats engaged in the passenger traffic between Ostend and Dover to five.

The new vessel, put into service on January 14th last, comes from the shipyards of the Société Cockerill. She is subjected to endurance trials, which consisted in six consecutive runs carried out under full steam between the West-Indies and Ruytingen light-ships. In the course of this four hours' steam trial, which took place in a very rough sea and a stiff breeze, the vessel proved "a very handy ship" without the official reception commission having had to record the least incident.

THREE HOUR PASSAGES.

The mail boat has been specially built for the winter service. With this view, her superstructures have been amply strengthened so as to enable her to maintain in any sea a speed of 22 to 24 knots and to ensure passages of an average duration of three hours, which must be considered highly satisfactory. Both as regards internal arrangements and the luxuriousness of the cabins, saloons, and rooms for the use of the passengers, the designers of the vessel have aimed at the same degree of perfection as in the other mail boats of the flotilla, which in this respect enjoy a well-merited reputation.

The life-saving appliances, such as lifeboats, rafts, deck seats with air cushions, lifebelts, and buoys constitute a complete equipment fully meeting the most recent requirements of the Board of Trade. Moreover, the hull is subdivided into ten compartments, separated by watertight bulkheads extending to above the waterline, or provided with hydraulically actuated doors on the Stene Lloyd system, operated from the wheelhouse and controlled by an indicator-board.

WATER TANKS.

The essential innovation introduced on board this vessel consists in the fitting up, in the hold immediately before the stokehold, of water tanks of a special form designed by Mr. Frhm, and which are intended to lessen the rolling motion. The weight of the water required for the working of these anti-rolling devices represents about 2 per cent. of the displacement. Although the stability of the *Ville de Liège* is amply assured it is hoped that the addition of this arrangement will still further reduce very perceptibly the extent of the rolling motion of the vessel, thus ensuring under any circumstances a maximum of comfort to the passengers.

SHIPPING REPORT.

The British str. *Chenon* reports: Light northerly wind and fine.

BANKERS' LIABILITY ON CHEQUES.

The Lord Chief Justice has delivered a judgment in an appeal which has excited much interest among bankers and other men of business. The main question at issue was how far a banker should be put upon his guard by a signature *per pro* on a cheque. The plaintiff in the action gave the defendant, the London County and Westminster Bank, written authority to honour all cheques drawn by its manager *per pro* the plaintiff or on his account. The manager acted dishonestly. Mr. Justice Coleridge had held that the signature *per pro* was notice to the bankers that the plaintiff's manager had only a limited authority, and that as the bankers had not made inquiries whether the manager was acting within the scope of his authority they had been guilty of negligence. From this judgment the bankers appealed. They had excellent reason for doing so, because the decision in the Court below would have made cheques signed *per pro* practically useless by enabling a reopening of completed transactions. The Court of Appeal has refused to agree with Mr. Justice Coleridge in reading Section 95 and Section 82 of the Bills of Exchange Act, 1882, together. The former section enacts that a signature by procuration operates as notice of a limited authority and binds the principal only if the agent was acting within the ambit of his authority. The latter section protects bankers who collect payment of cheques for their customers, if the bankers have acted in good faith and without negligence. The Court has now explained that there is no relevancy between the sections. Under Section 95, when once a cheque has been discharged by payment, neither the person who presented it nor his successor in title either may have had notice originally is under any liability to repay, because that he might not get his money.—*The Times*.

Great indignation has been caused in the United States Navy by an order issued by Mr. Daniels, the Secretary of the Navy, prohibiting the use or introduction, except for medical purposes, of alcoholic liquor in warships and in navy yards and shore stations.

Mr. Daniels has long been an ardent admirer of Mr. Bryan, the Secretary of State, to whom he largely owes his present political position. Mr. Bryan's enforcement of grape juice as a beverage for diplomats at State Department dinners and Mr. Daniels' own personal belief in teetotalism are said to be equally responsible for his new order.

It is stated that Mr. Daniels did not consult President Wilson before issuing his order, and the matter is thought to hold possibilities of serious embarrassment for the President, because the order is an infringement on personal liberty. Many officers threaten to resign unless the order is rescinded.

Mr. Daniels' only adviser seems to have been Surgeon-General Braisted, who was requested to prepare a report on the subject before the order was issued. Dr. Braisted recommended the prohibition of alcohol on the ground that there was considerable drunkenness in the navy, and Mr. Daniels accepted this recommendation as the reason for his order. He also declared that many officers begin their naval career at the age of twenty-two, and that temptation should not be thrown in their way when they are so young.

No liquor is now served to enlisted men in the navy, but the officers have the privilege of joining a wine mess and drinking what they like. Mr. Daniels' order abolishes these wine messes, at least on shore.

Surgeon-General Braisted recommended that permission be given to the officers to serve wine when foreign guests are entertained aboard warships, as is frequently done during cruises, but Mr. Daniels ignored this suggestion, and Mr. Daniels' foreign guests must carry their own flasks if they wish to drink at American naval banquets.

Newspaper comment is uncompromisingly to Mr. Daniels, and it is suggested that the chief effect of the order will be the development of petty deceit and espionage.

TEETOTAL NAVY FOR AMERICA.

NO INTOXICANTS TO BE SERVED IN WARSHIPS.

NEW YORK, April 6th.

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WOMAN SCIENTIST'S DISCOVERY.

NEW BACTERIA CREATED BY RAYS.

Mme. Victoria Henri, the lady bacteriologist, has made one of the most important discoveries in that branch of research for many years.

She has, by subjecting bacteria to the action of ultra-violet rays, succeeded in creating a new species of bacteria causing a new disease from a species already known. The experiment was made with anthrax bacilli, which, from a rod shape, was transformed into a spherical coccus, and was injected into guinea-pigs.

The new bacteria caused a slowly developing disease, differing in every respect from anthrax. Mme. Henri deduces from her discovery that the law of evolution applies to bacteria as to other living organisms, and she thinks that the multitude of existing species may have come from a few primitive forms which, under the action of the light, underwent numerous transformations, and engendered a multitude of varieties responsible for the diseases known to science.

Particulars of the discovery have been communicated to the Academy of Sciences by Doctor Roux, the director of the Pasteur Institute, and have aroused the liveliest interest among the learned assembly, which is unanimous in regarding the capital importance of the discovery, not only from a practical standpoint, as showing the way to the efficacious treatment of a redoubtable affection, but also in opening up an entirely new horizon to the investigation of the history and evolution of the myriad species of bacteria and the diseases due to them.—*Reuter*.

CHANGING DESIRABILITY IN ADVERTISEMENTS.

"Is it a mere accident or a sign of the times," asks a correspondent of the *Hamburger Nachrichten*, "that when I cast my eye over advertisement columns my attention is always caught by, 'Wanted, a young man, of steady habits, who...'"

A young woman of steady character wants a place. The whole page is alive with 'steady, steady, steady.' But sometimes 'serious' takes its place. Then there is a perfect melange of steady and serious persons. Steady chauffeurs alternate with serious cooks, serious shopgirls with steady bank clerks. And in cases of very exceptional character, the advertiser lets you know that he is both serious and steady. He outlines a young man.

"Was it always so? No, not always. There was a time when you might look in vain for 'steady' in advertisements. I remember it quite well. Then it used to run: 'Wanted, a smart young man. A smart young woman wants a book-seller. Yes, that was the time when smartness ruled supreme, and steadiness had not come in as a flood.'"

And earlier still, I turn over the old files of papers, going back to the days of my youth, and I come upon the expression 'enterprising.' An enterprising merchant was not confined to trade and finance. It flourished in all sorts of surroundings. Even matrimonial advertisements were at that time almost solely addressed to the 'enterprising.' It was the guinea stamp of those days.

Those days! And myself as well? Have I also passed through periods of enterprising and smartness, and come to anchor in steadiness? I almost wish it were so. Have I done the advertisements an injustice? Have I read my own change of spirit into them? Is it I who have changed, and not the times? I am half afraid.

PASSENGERS.

Per *Chenon*, from Shanghai, Mr. Bouman, Mr. Pearson, Mr. Hestrup, Mr. Silkstone, Mr. F. H. Lowe, Mr. and Mrs. Falconer.

Per *India*, for Hongkong, from London, etc., Miss Cook, Miss Jenner, Miss Vries, Miss M. and E. M. Millar, Mr. H. H. Brundon, Mr. and Mrs. N. Cooper and 4 children, Mr. A. F. Conner, Mr. R. B. Natfield, Mr. L. Lepetit, Mr. W. Lendrum, Mr. and Mrs. K. C. Thye, Mr. L. C. Thye, Mr. G. N. Trimmer, Mr. Milas, Mr. and Mrs. Breitenstein, Dr. Van de Velds, Mrs. Kivar and child, and Mr. C. M. Healey.

Per *Siberia*, for Hongkong, from San Francisco, etc., Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Adams, Miss E. Adams, Mr. P. Baldwin, Mr. F. Beeman, Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Bacheider, Master C. Bacheider, Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Clarke, Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Cooke, Miss M. K. Cooke, Mr. D. J. W. Denarest, Miss K. I. Dukes, Mr. J. W. Dorris, Mr. D. H. Ferguson, Mrs. H. G. Gormley, Miss H. Gormley, Mr. J. M. Grady, Mr. O. H. Guttridge, Mrs. R. E. Gearheart, Mr. H. L. Higgins, Mr. F. P. Helm, Mr. M. L. Hardinghaus, Miss M. L. Hamilton, Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Hiseox, Mr. and Mrs. J. St. C. Hunt, Miss Lulah Hunt, Master J. Hunt, Mr. E. L. Jessup, Mr. D. Jessula, Mrs. A. W. Knight, Mr. E. B. Kellum, Mr. and Mrs. E. B. King and maid, Miss Jane King, Miss E. Lidgate, Mr. V. Morani, Mr. P. A. Meyer, Master E. Meyer, Miss A. MacIvaine, Mr. C. J. McDonald, Dr. R. Newborne, Mr. C. M. Nicol, Mr. T. W. Parkin, Mr. H. C. Provost, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Rutherford, Mrs. F. Rossonheim, Miss H. Rutherford, Mr. H. L. Runkle, Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Reynolds, Mr. P. G. Rush, Mr. W. W. Shay, Mr. and Mrs. E. O. Smolt, Mrs. M. A. Salisbury, Mr. F. Salisbury, Mr. E. Salisbury, Mr. and Mrs. H. P. Schmeider, Mrs. and Miss M. Scott, Mr. E. Stotterfoht, Mrs. P. L. Van Dusen, Miss S. Van Dusen, Miss H. Van Dusen, Miss E. W. Whitcomb, Mrs. F. W. Wood, Miss M. W. Wood and Mr. J. Yamaji.

DEPARTED.

Per *Mishima Maru*, from Hongkong, for London, etc., Mr. A. F. White, Mr. A. Findlay Smith, Mr. Thos. M. Little, Mr. and Mrs. Phipps and child, Col. and Mrs. Ferguson, Mrs. A. Jost and two children, Miss Dawes, Mr. and Mrs. Rankin and child, Mr. T. Fuchi, Mr. Carreras, Mr. Escudal, Mr. J. Young, Mr. V. T. Puppaha, Mrs. A. M. Sweet, Major V. Sato, Mr. Tsukamoto, Mr. Morrow, Mr. McClellan, Mrs. E. J. Bincombe, Miss Bincombe, Mr. Ponsonby, Mr. Loder, Miss Phipps, Mr. and Mrs. C. S. Speyer, Mr. and Mrs. Metzler and 2 children, Mr. V. Goulborn, Mr. H. C. Holt, Lieut. Col. and Mrs. Pearson, Mr. E. Raymond, Mr. Rutherford, Mrs. A. N. Kemp, Miss Warren, Miss Enner, Miss Sandblad, Mr. H. Hohlberg, Dr. C. F. Nicholas, Miss B. Burke, Miss B. Burke, Mr. and Mrs. H. V. Tarte, Mr. and Mrs. Y. Harata and 2 children, Miss S. R. Watney, Miss Loder, Mr. H. Hohlberg, Mr. Kimura, Mr. S. Yamazaki, Mr. D. Seki, Mrs. K. Nakanishi, Mr. F. S. Abaitz, Mrs. S. Yoshino, Mr. I. Takayama, Mr. I. Nakanishi, Mr. J. Matsunami, Mr. T. Masamune, Mr. T. Morita, Mr. C. Goto, Mr. K. Sakagami and Mr. H. Yamamoto.

VISITOR TO CANTON.

Should Purchase "FROM HONGKONG TO CANTON BY THE PEARL RIVER."

CAPTAIN C. V. LLOYD.

With Illustrations, Maps and Plans.

PRICE \$1.75

On Sale at:—

Hongkong: "Daily Press" Office.

Meers, Kelly & Walter, Ltd.

Meers, Brewster & Co.

Canton: Messrs. A. S. Watson & Co.

NOTICES TO CONSIGNEES.

"GLEN" LINE OF STEAMERS.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

FROM ANTWERP, LONDON, LONDON, PENANG AND SINGAPORE.

THE Steamship.

"GLENLOCHY."

Captain E. J. Ballard, having arrived from the above Ports, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that their Goods are being landed at their risk into the Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company, Limited, Kowloon, and stored at Consignees' risk and expense.

All broken, chafed and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on THURSDAY, 7th May, at 10 A.M.

All Claims must be presented within Fifteen Days of the Steamer's arrival here, after which date they cannot be recognized.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 7th May, will be subject to rent.

No Fire Insurance has been effected. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by SHEWAN, TOMES & Co., Agents.

Hongkong, 30th April, 1914. [635]

EAST ASIATIC COMPANY, LIMITED, COPENHAGEN.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE Steamship.

"KINA."

Having arrived, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that their Goods, with the exception of Opium, Treasure, and Valuables, are being landed and stored at their risk into the Godowns and/or extra hazardous Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company, Ltd., Kowloon, and West Point Godowns, whence delivery may be obtained.

Optional Cargo will be forwarded on unless intimation is received from the Consignees before NOON TO-DAY requesting it to be landed here.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 7th May will be subject to rent.

All broken, chafed and damaged goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on the 7th May, at 9.30 A.M.

All Claims must reach us before the 14th May, or they will not be recognized.

No Fire Insurance will be effected. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by the Undersigned.

MELCHERS & Co., Agents.

Hongkong, 30th April, 1914. [632]

"MOGUL" LINE OF STEAMERS.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

The Steamship "MONTROSE."

FROM GLASGOW, LIVERPOOL AND SWANSEA.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo are hereby informed that all Goods are being landed at their risk into the Godowns of Holt's Wharf at Kowloon, whence and/or from the wharves delivery may be obtained.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 11th inst. will be subject to rent.

All Claims against the Steamer must be presented to the Undersigned on or before the 50th inst. or they will not be recognized.

All broken, chafed and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on the 11th inst., at 11 A.M.

No Fire Insurance has been effected. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by DODD & Co., Ltd., Agents.

Hongkong, 4th May, 1914. [671]

NORDEUTSCHER LLOYD, BREMEN, FREIGHT LINE.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE Steamship.

"HELGOLAND."

Having arrived, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that their Goods, with the exception of Opium, Treasure, and Valuables, are being landed and stored at their risk into the Godowns and/or

HONGKONG, CANTON, MACAO & WEST RIVER STEAMERS.

JOINT SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON AND MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD., AND CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

REDUCTION IN SALOON FARES.

HONGKONG-CANTON LINE.

Commencing from April 1st the Saloon passage rates by the Companies' steamers will be reduced to:-

Single Fare by Night Steamer	\$6.00
Return (available also for return by day steamer)	10.00
Single Fare by Day Steamer	4.00
Return	8.00

The attention of the travelling Public is drawn to the comfort afforded by the Companies' vessels. Passengers arriving by Night steamers from Canton (due at Hongkong about 11 p.m.) are permitted to sleep on board till next morning without extra charge. Electric fans and electric light are available all night.

HONGKONG TO CANTON. CANTON TO HONGKONG.

THURSDAY, 7TH MAY, 1914.

8 a.m. HONAM. 8 a.m. HONGSHAN.

10 p.m. FATSHAN. 5 p.m. KINSHAN.

FRIDAY, 8TH MAY, 1914.

8 a.m. HONGSHAN. 8 a.m. HONAM.

10 p.m. KINSHAN. 5 p.m. FATSHAN.

HONGKONG-MACAO LINE.

S.S. SUI TAI, Tons 1,851. S.S. TAI SHAN, Tons 2,006.

HONGKONG TO MACAO

Week days at 8 a.m. and 2 p.m. from the Company's Wing Lok Street Wharf. Sundays at 9 a.m. and 12.30 p.m. from the Company's Wing Lok Street Wharf.

MACAO TO HONGKONG.

Week days at 7.30 a.m. and 2 p.m. Sundays at 7.30 a.m. and 5 p.m.

EXCURSION TO MACAO.

SUNDAY, 10TH MAY, 1914.

The Company's New Steamship

"TAISHAN"

Will depart from the Wing Lok Street Wharf at 9 a.m. and return from Macao at 4 p.m. N.B.—The Company will also run a Steamer from Macao on Sunday morning at 7.30 a.m. and from Hongkong at 12.30 p.m., from the Company's Wing Lok Street Wharf.

FARES AS USUAL.

CANTON-MACAO LINE.

S.S. SUI AN, 1,851 tons.

Departures from Macao to Canton on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 9 p.m. Departures from Canton to Macao on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 4.30 p.m.

CANTON-WUCHOW LINE.

S.S. SAINAM, 588 tons, and S.S. YANNING, 588 tons.

One of the above Steamers leaves Canton for Wuchow every Sunday, Tuesday and Friday, at about 8 p.m., and the other leaves Wuchow for Canton every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at about 8.30 a.m. Round trips take about 5 days. Passengers can return to Hongkong or vice versa by the Company's direct Steamers LINTAN and SANUL. These vessels have superior Cabin accommodation and are lighted throughout by electricity. Electric Fan in each Cabin.

Booking Office open daily (Sunday excepted) 9 a.m. to 5 p.m.

Further particulars may be obtained at the Office of the—

HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD.,

Hotel Mansions (First Floor), opposite the Bank Pier.

PHILIPPINES S.S. CO.

STEAMSHIP	TONS	CAPTAIN	FOR	SAILING DATE
RUBI	4000	J. Miller	Manila, Mangarin, Cebu and Iloilo	On 12th May, 4 p.m.
ZAFIRO	4000	F.S. McMurray	Manila, Mangarin, Cebu and Iloilo	On 22nd May, 4 p.m.

Passengers Holding Round Trip Tickets may Return by any Steamer of the PACIFIC MAIL S.S. CO., TOYO KISEN KAISHA, NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD AND EASTERN AND AUSTRALIAN STEAMSHIP CO., LTD. Electric Light, Fans in every Cabin. Competent Stewardess Carried. For Freight or Passage, apply to SHEWAN, TOMES & CO., General Managers. Hongkong, 4th May, 1914.

MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

FRENCH MAIL LINES.

FORTNIGHTLY SERVICE TO AND FROM JAPAN VIA SHANGHAI.

FORTNIGHTLY SERVICE TO AND FROM EUROPE VIA SUEZ CANAL.

OUTWARD

FOR	STEAMER	TO SAIL
SHANGHAI, KOBE AND POLYNESIAN	On 17th May.	
YOKOHAMA	V. CIOTAT	On 31st May.

HOMEWARD

FOR	STEAMER	TO SAIL
MARSEILLES VIA PORTS	CORDILLERE	On 19th May, at 1 p.m.
	MAGELLAN	On 2nd June, at 1 p.m.

ALL STEAMERS FITTED WITH WIRELESS.

TRANSHIPING on the Co's Steamers at COLOMBO for CALCUTTA, BOMBAY and AUSTRALIA; at PORT SAID for the LEVANT, CONSTANTINOPLE and BLACK SEA.

Through Tickets to LONDON via PARIS by rail. Circular Tickets to Europe via Suez and SIBERIAN ROUTE and vice-versa delivered here.

For further particulars apply to

P. THOMAS, AGENT.
QUEEN'S BUILDING.

INDIAN AFRICAN LINE.

Cargo carried on through Bills of Lading from HONGKONG to BEIRA, DELAGOA BAY, DURBAN (Natal), EAST LONDON, PORT ELIZABETH and CAPE TOWN with transshipment at COLOMBO to Steamers of the INDIAN AFRICAN LINE.

FROM HONGKONG:	PROPOSED SAILINGS:	FROM COLOMBO:
25th May.	"SURAT"	17th June.

EXCELLENT ACCOMMODATION FOR 1ST AND 2ND CLASS PASSENGERS.

ORIENTAL AFRICAN LINE.

Regular Direct Service from JAPAN, CHINA AND STRAITS to BEIRA, DELAGOA BAY, DURBAN, EAST LONDON, PORT ELIZABETH and CAPE TOWN, calling at MAURITIUS en route, and affording the Quickest Freight Transport from the ORIENT to SOUTH AFRICA.

PROPOSED SAILING:

From Hongkong: "SALAMIS" 25th July.

FIRST CLASS ACCOMMODATION FOR PASSENGERS.

Freight With Wireless Telegraphy.

For Rates of Freight and Passage, apply to

THE BANK LINE, LIMITED,
MANAGING AGENTS.

PACIFIC MAIL S.S. CO.

OPERATING

MODERN HIGH POWERED TWIN SCREW EXPRESS STEAMERS.

MONGOLIA 27000 tons MANCHURIA 27000 tons

KOREA 18000 tons SIBERIA 18000 tons

CHINA 10200 tons NILE 11000 tons

PERSIA 9000 tons

Between Hong Kong, Manila, Shanghai, Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama, Honolulu and San Francisco

"THE SUNSHINE BELT"—The Most Comfortable Route to America and Europe

KOREA	Sailing SATURDAY, 9th May, at 1 p.m.
SIBERIA	SATURDAY, 16th May, at 1 p.m.
CHINA (via Manila)	WED'DAY, 27th May, at Noon.
MANCHURIA	SATURDAY, 6th June, at 1 p.m.

These steamers are famous for their modern equipment, comfort, and the superiority of the cuisine, which is under the personal supervision of Mr. V. Morton, the world-famous caterer. Large staterooms, equipped with electric fans, and running water. Berths equipped with electric reading lamps. Numerous amusements—salt water swimming tank, Filipino orchestra, deck games, dances, etc.—not a dull moment throughout the trip. The Safety and Comfort of Passengers is Our First Consideration.

For further information, rates, literature, schedules, etc., apply to

R. C. MORTON, AGENT,
KING'S BUILDINGS.

TEL. No. 141.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD.



(Under Mail Contract with the Austrian Government.)
MONTHLY FAST SERVICE TO TRIESTE (VENICE).
Via SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, ADEN, SUEZ AND PORT SAID.
S.S. "BOHEMIA", 7,900 tons, will leave as above on 15th May, at 4 p.m.
Superior accommodation for 1st and 2nd Class passengers, no surtax, no tips, no inside cabins. Stewardesses, Laundry, Wireless Telegraphy.
FARES: Hongkong-Trieste (Venice), 255 1st, 455 2nd, 419 3rd Class.
MONTHLY ORDINARY SERVICE TO TRIESTE (VENICE) VIA STRAITS (CALCUTTA), COLOMBO, ADEN, SUEZ AND PORT SAID.
S.S. "NIPPON", 13,500 tons, will leave as above about 5th June.
These Steamers of large tonnage are fitted with comfortable and class accommodation for Saloon Passengers. No Surtax. Doctor, Stewardess, Wireless Telegraphy.
RAILWAY FARES: Trieste-London. BY SIMPLON EXPRESS.
Via Venice, Milan, Simplon, Lausanne, Paris, Calais or Boulogne, Class 1 23.15, II 23.1.4, III 23.1.1.
BY ST. GOTTHARD EXPRESS:
Via Venice, Milan, St. Gotthard, Lucerne, Bale, Laon, Calais or Boulogne, Class I 23.15, II 23.1.1, III 23.1.1.
BY SEAMER EXPRESS:
Via Vienna, Cologne, Brussels, Ostend, Dover, Class I 23.1.1, II 23.1.1, III 23.1.1.
BY TAVERN EXPRESS:
Via Munich, Cologne, Hook or Flushing, Class I 27.10.8, II 24.1.6, III 24.1.6.
TO SHANGHAI.
S.S. "AFRICA", 6,840 tons, will leave as above on 1st June, at 6 a.m.
FARES: Hongkong-Shanghai, 26 1st, 24 2nd, 22 3rd Class.
TO KOBE VIA SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA.
S.S. "E. F. FERDINAND", 12,000 tons, will leave as above about 30th May.
Cargo taken at through rates to all ports in Adriatic, Levant, Black Sea & Danube, also North & South America.
SANDER, WIEBER & Co., AGENTS,
Hongkong, 6th May, 1914. Princes' Building.

OSAKA SHOSHEN KAISHA.

REGULAR SERVICES.
PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG.
(SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.)

TRANS-PACIFIC LINE.

IN CONNECTION AT TACOMA AND SEATTLE WITH
THE CHICAGO MILWAUKEE AND ST. PAUL RAILWAY CO.

FOR VICTORIA, B.C. AND TACOMA VIA JAPAN PORTS.

STEAMER	CAPTAIN	LEAVING
"TACOMA MARU"	T. Hamada	THURSDAY, 14th May, at Noon.
"PANAMA MARU"	J. Kanoo	WED'DAY, 27th May, at Noon.
"SEATTLE MARU"	T. Baito	THURSDAY, 11th June, at Noon.
"MEXICO MARU"	N. Kobayashi	WED'DAY, 24th June, at Noon.
"CHICAGO MARU"	I. Goto	
"CANADA MARU"	H. Yamaguchi	

† Calling at SHANGHAI, NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA AND YOKOHAMA.
† Calling at MOJI, KORE, YOKOHAMA AND YOKOHAMA.
These Newly-Built Steamers have fair speed and are fitted with the Wireless Apparatus. A limited number of Cabin Passengers carried at Low Rates. Best adapted rooms for carrying Bills, Treasure and Parcels. Special attention given toward Express connection.

JAPAN-BOMBAY LINE.

FOR BOMBAY VIA SINGAPORE, PORT SWETTENHAM, PENANG AND COLOMBO.

STEAMER	CAPTAIN	LEAVING
"INDO MARU"	K. Komiya	SATURDAY, 16th May, A.M.
"LUZON MARU"	T. Miyata	FRIDAY, 5th June, A.M.
"JAVA MARU"	D. Fuchigami	MONDAY, 6th July, A.M.

CHINA AND FORMOSA LINE.

FOR FOOCHEW VIA SWATOW AND AMOY.

STEAMER	CAPTAIN	LEAVING
"KAISO MARU"	Y. Yamamoto	

FOR TAMSUI VIA SWATOW AND AMOY.

STEAMER	CAPTAIN	LEAVING
"DAIJIN MARU"	K. Murakami	SUNDAY, 10th May, at Noon.
"DAIGI MARU"	S. Tokushige	SUNDAY, 17th May, at Noon.

FOR ANPING AND TAKAO VIA SWATOW AND AMOY.

STEAMER	CAPTAIN	LEAVING
"BOSHU MARU"	K. Hattori	WED'DAY, 13th May, at 10 a.m.

FOR CANTON.

STEAMER	CAPTAIN	LEAVING
"BOSHU MARU"	K. Hattori	FRIDAY, 8th May.

These Steamers of Coast and Formosa Line have Excellent accommodation for First and Second Class Passengers and are fitted with Electric Light and Fans. These Steamers will arrive at and depart from Bot. Tip Wharf (near the Harbour Office, Props Central). For FURTHER INFORMATION, apply to

Z. KAMIYA,
MANAGER,
Second Floor No. 1 Queen's Building.

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.

PROPOSED SAILINGS OF MAIL STEAMERS

MARSEILLES AND LONDON

COLOMBO, INDIA, AUSTRALASIA, EGYPT, BRINDISI, &c.
THROUGH TICKETS ISSUED TO BOSTON AND NEW YORK.

Connecting Steamer "ORIENTAL" leaves YOKOHAMA	Steamers to	Leave SHANGHAI	Leave HONGKONG	Connecting Steamers from COLOMBO to MARSEILLES and LONDON	Due at MARSEILLES	Due at LONDON (1 day later)
p.m. Thurs. Apr. 30	ASSAYE	6 p.m. Tues. May 5	Noon. Satur. May 9	MOULTAN	Friday June 5	Thursday June 11
May 14	INDIA	May 19	May 23	MOREA	Saturday June 20	Friday June 26
May 28	DEVANHA	June 2	June 6	MALOJA	July 4	July 11
June 11	DELTA	June 16	June 20	MAIMORA	July 18	July 24
June 25	HIMALAYA	June 30	July 4	MUDDAVIA	Aug. 1	Aug. 7
July 9	ASSAYE	July 14	July 18	MEDINA	Aug. 15	Aug. 21
July 23	DEVANHA	July 28	Aug. 1	MONGOLIA	Aug. 29	Sept. 4
Aug. 6	CHINA	Aug. 11	Aug. 15	EGYPT	Sept. 12	Sept. 18

THE ATTENTION of Passengers is drawn to the ACCELERATED ARRIVAL of the Mail Steamers at Marseilles, Plymouth and London. These vessels will now arrive in Marseilles on Friday, and London on the following Friday. Arrangements are also being made whereby passengers by the P. & O. Special Train from Marseilles can now arrive in London at 3.25 p.m. on Saturdays. Passengers change Steamers at COLOMBO, and those for BRINDISI transfer also to the Express Mail Steamer at PORT SAID. Accommodation in the connecting Steamer from COLOMBO is definitely reserved in Hongkong at the time of Booking.

FARES:

The Fares to London and Marseilles are as follows:—			
LONDON			
1st Saloon	"A"	Accommodation Single	\$65. Return \$97.
	"B"	"	" \$89. " \$121.
2nd Saloon	"A"	"	" \$44. " \$65.
	"B"	"	" \$40. " \$60.
MARSEILLES			
1st Saloon	"A"	Accommodation Single	\$51. Return \$91.
	"B"	"	" \$55. " \$93.
2nd Saloon	"A"	"	" \$42. " \$63.
	"B"	"	" \$38. " \$57.

IN ADDITION TO THE ABOVE MAIL STEAMERS INTERMEDIATE (NON-TRANSHIPMENT) STEAMERS WILL LEAVE FOR LONDON CARRYING 1ST AND 2ND SALOON PASSENGERS AT REDUCED RATES PROPOSED SAILING:

STEAMERS	Leave YAMA	Leave SHANGHAI	Leave H'KONG	Leave S'PORE	Due at MARSEILLES	Due at LONDON
NAMUR	about Apr. 22	about May 7	about May 13	about May 19	about June 16	about June 26
NOVARA	May 26	June 4	June 10	June 16	June 24	July 4
NELORE	June 9	June 18	June 24	July 1	July 28	Aug. 7
*KHYBBE	June 23	July 2	July 8	July 14	Aug. 11	Aug. 21
NAGOYA	July 7	July 16	July 22	July 28	Aug. 26	Sept. 5
SYRIA	July 21	July 30	Aug. 5	Aug. 11	Sept. 1	Sept. 11
NILE	Aug. 4	Aug. 13	Aug. 19	Aug. 25	Sept. 23	Oct. 3

* New Steamer.

These Steamers call also at PORT SWETTENHAM, PENANG and COLOMBO. FARES TO LONDON. 1st Saloon \$50 Single: \$75 Return. 2nd Saloon \$35 Single: \$52 Return. FARES TO MARSEILLES. 1st Saloon \$46 Single. 2nd Saloon \$33 Single. All Passenger Steamers are fitted with the Marconi System of Wireless Telegraphy. THE ABOVE RATES ARE SUBJECT TO A SURTAX OF 10%. For Further Particulars, apply to—

E. A. HEWETT,
SUPERINTENDENT

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA

THE JAPAN MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.

PROJECTED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG—

SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

DESTINATIONS	STEAMERS AND DISPLACEMENT	TONS	SAILING DATES
MARSEILLES, LONDON and ANTWERP, via SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, SUEZ and PORT SAID	KAGA MARU Capt. G. Tabusa	12,500	WED'DAY, 20th May, at 10 A.M.
	ATSUTA MARU Capt. J. Nagano	16,000	WED'DAY, 3rd June, at 10 A.M.
VICTORIA, B.C. and SEATTLE via SHANGHAI, MOJI, KORE, YOKOHAMA and YOKOHAMA	AKI MARU Capt. Noma	15,500	TUESDAY, 19th May, at 4 p.m.
	SADO MARU Capt. K. Asakawa	12,500	TUESDAY, 2nd June, at 4 p.m.
SYDNEY and MELBOURNE via MANILA, THURSDAY ISLAND, TOWNVILLE and HOBART	KUMANO MARU Capt. K. Soyeda	9,800	WED'DAY, 3rd June, at Noon.
	TANGO MARU Capt. Sakine	13,500	WED'DAY, 1st July, at Noon.
CALCUTTA via SINGAPORE, PENANG and RANGOON	SANUKI MARU Capt. Deguchi	12,500	SATURDAY, 16th May.
BOMBAY via SINGAPORE, PENANG and COLOMBO	JINSEN MARU Capt. Terada	5,000	THURSDAY, 7th May.
MOJI and KOBE	KAMAKURA MARU Capt. T. Hori	12,500	SATURDAY, 16th May.
KOBE and YOKOHAMA	HAKATA AMBU Capt. Nemura	12,500	MONDAY, 11th May.
NAGASAKI, KOBE and YOKOHAMA	TANGO MARU Capt. Sakine	13,500	TUESDAY, 2nd June, at 5 p.m.
KOBE and YOKOHAMA	HITACHI MARU Capt. Sato	12,500	THURSDAY, 7th May, at 11 A.M.

† Fitted with New System of Wireless Telegraphy.

REDUCED SUMMER RATES

BETWEEN

HONGKONG AND JAPAN PORTS.

SPECIAL EXCURSION TICKETS (1st and 2nd Class), available for 3 Months. Commencing from 1st June, ending 30th September, 1915.

	YOKOHAMA Return	KOBE Return	MOJI Return	NAGASAKI Return
1st Class	\$135	\$122	\$108	\$95
2nd	\$81	\$75	\$65	\$57

With option of Rail between Steamer's Calling Ports in Japan.

For Further Information as to Freight, Sailing, &c., apply to—

T. KUSUMOTO, MANAGER.
TELEPHONE Nos. 292 and 1241

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL
STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

FOR	STEAMERS	TO SAIL	REMARKS
SHANGHAI	INDIA Capt. C. O. Talbot, R.N.	10 A.M. 7th May	Freight and Passage.
LONDON VIA RUSSAL PORTS OF OCEAN	ASSAYE Capt. G. J. Caldwell	10th May	See Special Advertisement.
LONDON AND ANTWERP VIA SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, PORT SAID, and MARSSEILLES	NAMUR Capt. A. Collyer	About 13th May	Freight and Passage.
SHANGHAI, MOJI, KOBÉ, NELLORE and YOKOHAMA	Capt. J. Gault, R.N.	About 15th May	Freight and Passage.

the above Steamers are fitted with Wireless Telegraphy.

For Further Particulars apply to

E. A. BEWETT,
Superintendent.

Hongkong, 4th May, 1914.

CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

FOR	STEAMERS	TO SAIL	REMARKS
SHANGHAI	LUCHOW	On 7th May, 4 P.M.	
SHANGHAI AND TSINGTAU	CHENAN	On 9th May, 4 P.M.	
SHANGHAI	SHAOHSING	On 12th May, 4 P.M.	
WUHAIR and TIENTSIN	KUICHOW	On 12th May, 4 P.M.	
MANILA, OBU and ILOILO	TAMING	On 13th May, 4 P.M.	
HOIHOW and HAIPHONG	KALFONG	On 13th May, 4 P.M.	
SHANGHAI	ANYU	On 14th May, 4 P.M.	
SHANGHAI and ILOILO	YINGCHOW	On 14th May, 4 P.M.	
MANILA, OBU and ILOILO	TEAN	On 14th May, 4 P.M.	

DIRECT SAILINGS TO WEST RIVER, Twice Weekly.

S.S. "LINTAN" and S.S. "SANTU".

MANILA LINE—TWIN-SREW STEAMERS "CHINHUA" "TAMING" and "TEAN". Excellent Saloon accommodation Amidships; Electric Fans fitted; Extra State-rooms on Deck, etc., on "TAMING" and "TEAN".

SHANGHAI AND TSINGTAU LINE—THE TWIN-SREW STEAMERS "CHENAN" "SHAOHSING" and the S.S. "KANCHOW", "LIANGCHOW" and "YINGCHOW", having excellent accommodation, with Electric Light throughout and Electric Fans in the State-rooms and Dining Saloon, maintain a fast schedule service between Canton, Hongkong and Shanghai, leaving Hongkong for Shanghai direct every Tuesday, Thursday and Sunday, taking Cargo on through Bills of Lading to all Yangtze and Northern China Ports.

The Steamers leaving Hongkong on Sundays, proceed from Shanghai to TSINGTAU, leaving there on Tuesdays for Shanghai, Hongkong and Canton.

N.B.—Passengers must embark before Midnight on SATURDAY for the SUNDAY Morning sailings. A Co's launch leaves Murray Pier at 10 o'clock every SATURDAY Night.

These Steamers Land Passengers in Shanghai, avoiding the inconvenience of the transshipment at Woosung.

REDUCED FARES—SINGLE \$45.....RETURN \$75.

For Freight or Passage apply to—

HONGKONG, 7th May, 1914. BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, AGENTS.

HAMBURG - AMERIKA LINIE.

FOR	STEAMERS	TO SAIL	REMARKS
SHANGHAI, KOBÉ AND YOKOHAMA	SEGOVIA	28th May	
"	PREUSSEN	6th June	
"	SEBASTIA	18th June	
"	FERD. LAEISZ	3rd July	
"	SENEGAMBIA	17th July	
"	SEBASTIA	27th July	
"	ALBIA	14th Aug.	
"	SAMBIA	17th May	
"	SAKONIA	10th June	
"	SUBVIA	12th July	
"	SITHONIA	31st July	
"	BELGRAVIA	8th Sept.	
"	DAYERN	7th May	
"	ARABIA	14th May	
"	TRICKMARK	15th May	
"	BERGAVIA	24th May	
"	ALTMARK	28th May	
"	FURST BULOW	6th June	
"	BRASILIA	19th June	
"	WUERTTEMBERG	23rd June	
"	SUEDMARK	23rd June	
"	SEGOVIA	4th July	
"	GOLDENFELS	13th July	

Regular Sailings from JAPAN, CHINA and PHILIPPINES, STRAITS and COLOMBO, to MARSEILLES, HAVRE, EMDEN, BREMEN, HAMBURG and NEW YORK and from MANILA, HONGKONG and JAPAN to VICTORIA, VANCOUVER (B.C.) and SEATTLE, WASH. and PORTLAND (Or.).

TAKING Cargo at Through Rates to all European, North Continental and British Ports, also Trieste, Oporto, Marseilles, Genoa, and other Mediterranean, Levantine, Black Sea and Baltic Ports, and all North and South American Ports.

NEXT SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG:

For SHANGHAI, KOBÉ AND YOKOHAMA

For VICTORIA, VANCOUVER, SEATTLE & PORTLAND (Or.)

For HAVRE, ROTTERDAM, BREMEN & HAMBURG

For ROTTERDAM, HAMBURG & ANTWERP

For MARSEILLES, ROTTERDAM, HAMBURG & ANTWERP

For MARSEILLES, HAVRE, BREMEN & HAMBURG

For HAVRE & HAMBURG

For ROTTERDAM, HAMBURG & ANTWERP

For MARSEILLES & HAMBURG

For HAVRE, EMDEN & HAMBURG

For ROTTERDAM, HAMBURG & ANTWERP

For Further Particulars, apply to—

Hongkong, 6th May, 1914. HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE, Hongkong Office.

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.

FOR	STEAMERS	TO SAIL	REMARKS
SWATOW, AMOY AND FOOCHOW	HAITAN	FRIDAY, 8th May, at 11 A.M.	
"	HAIXANG	TUESDAY, 12th May, at 11 A.M.	
"	HAICHING	FRIDAY, 15th May, at 11 A.M.	

FOR SWATOW AND RETURN

(Occupying 9 to 10 Days).

"EALMUN" ... Capt. J. Evans ... SUNDAY, 10th May, at 10 A.M.

Steamers will arrive at and Depart from the Company's Wharf (near Blake Pier).

For Freight and Passage, apply to—

DOUGLAS LARRAIK & Co., GENERAL MANAGERS.

Hongkong, 7th May, 1914.

THE EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.

FOR	STEAMERS	TO SAIL	REMARKS
EMPIRE	EMPIRE	23rd May	
ST. ALBANS	ST. ALBANS	13th June	
EASTERN	EASTERN	13th June	

The above Steamers are fitted with Refrigerating Machinery, ensuring a plentiful supply of Ice, Fresh Provisions, etc., and are lighted throughout with Electricity. A State-Rooms have Electric Fans. A duly qualified Doctor and Stewardess are carried.

For further particulars apply to

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co., AGENTS.

TOYO KISEN KAISHA. NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD.
SAN FRANCISCO LINE.

VIA SHANGHAI, MANILA, THE INLAND SEA, JAPAN AND HONOLULU.

Steamer	Displacement Tons and Speed	Leave Hongkong
CHIYO MARU	22,000—21 knots...TUES.	19th May
TENYO MARU	22,000—21 knots...TUES.	10th June
NIPPON MARU	11,000—18 knots...TUESDAY	3rd June
HONGKONG MARU	11,000—18 knots...FRIDAY	10th July
SHIYO MARU	22,000—21 knots...TUES.	14th July

Sailings from Hongkong—Subject to Change Without Notice

Steamers via Shanghai will be despatched at Noon.

Manila ... at 10.30 A.M.

FIRST CLASS TO LONDON \$71.10...RETURN (6 MONTHS) \$120.

FIRST CLASS TO NEW YORK \$60. ... " " \$96.10.

" " " SAN FRANCISCO \$45. ... " " \$68.

Passengers purchasing Trans-Pacific Return Tickets have the option of returning from San Francisco by Steamers of the Pacific Mail S.S. Co. or from Vancouver by Steamers of the CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY CO.

SPECIAL RATES given to NAVAL and MILITARY, CIVIL SERVANTS MISSIONARIES, etc.

ROUND THE WORLD Tickets issued in connection with all the Principal Mail Lines and the Trans-Siberian Railway.

Passengers may Travel by RAILWAY between Ports of Call in Japan free of charge.

SOUTH AMERICA LINE.

Steamer	Displacement Tons and Speed	Sails
ANYO MARU	18,500—15 knots	from NAGASAKI 2nd July.

For Full Particulars as to Passage and Freight, apply to—

S. MORIMOTO, AGENT, King's Building.

TELEPHONE 231.

BRITISH INDIA S. N. CO., LTD. APCAR LINE.

FOR	STEAMERS	TO SAIL	REMARKS
SHANGHAI, KOBÉ AND YOKOHAMA	SEGOVIA	28th May	
"	PREUSSEN	6th June	
"	SEBASTIA	18th June	
"	FERD. LAEISZ	3rd July	
"	SENEGAMBIA	17th July	
"	SEBASTIA	27th July	
"	ALBIA	14th Aug.	
"	SAMBIA	17th May	
"	SAKONIA	10th June	
"	SUBVIA	12th July	
"	SITHONIA	31st July	
"	BELGRAVIA	8th Sept.	
"	DAYERN	7th May	
"	ARABIA	14th May	
"	TRICKMARK	15th May	
"	BERGAVIA	24th May	
"	ALTMARK	28th May	
"	FURST BULOW	6th June	
"	BRASILIA	19th June	
"	WUERTTEMBERG	23rd June	
"	SUEDMARK	23rd June	
"	SEGOVIA	4th July	
"	GOLDENFELS	13th July	

Regular Sailings from JAPAN, CHINA and PHILIPPINES, STRAITS and COLOMBO, to MARSEILLES, HAVRE, EMDEN, BREMEN, HAMBURG and NEW YORK and from MANILA, HONGKONG and JAPAN to VICTORIA, VANCOUVER (B.C.) and SEATTLE, WASH. and PORTLAND (Or.).

TAKING Cargo at Through Rates to all European, North Continental and British Ports, also Trieste, Oporto, Marseilles, Genoa, and other Mediterranean, Levantine, Black Sea and Baltic Ports, and all North and South American Ports.

NEXT SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG:

For SHANGHAI, KOBÉ AND YOKOHAMA

For VICTORIA, VANCOUVER, SEATTLE & PORTLAND (Or.)

For HAVRE, ROTTERDAM, BREMEN & HAMBURG

For ROTTERDAM, HAMBURG & ANTWERP

For MARSEILLES, ROTTERDAM, HAMBURG & ANTWERP

For MARSEILLES, HAVRE, BREMEN & HAMBURG

For HAVRE & HAMBURG

For ROTTERDAM, HAMBURG & ANTWERP

For MARSEILLES & HAMBURG

For HAVRE, EMDEN & HAMBURG

For ROTTERDAM, HAMBURG & ANTWERP

For Further Particulars, apply to—

Hongkong, 6th May, 1914. HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE, Hongkong Office.

MEN-OF-WAR ON THE CHINA AND JAPAN STATION.

Ship	Commander	Remarks
Alacrity, despatch-boat, 1,700 tons, 4 guns, 2, 00 i.h.p.	Comdr. A. Cochrane, R.N.	on route to Weihaiwei, due about 11th May.
Atlas, despatch-boat, 615 tons, 1,400 i.h.p.	Comdr. V. R. Brandon, on passage to Hongkong	
Britannia, gunboat, 710 tons, 900 h.p.	Lt. Comdr. P. B. Preston-Thomas, Yangtze.	
Cadmus, British ship, 1,070 tons, 1,400 i.h.p.	Captain M. S. F. Farnham, Yangtze.	
Cherub, water tank and tug, 390 tons, 340 i.h.p.	Maxwell, en route to Weihaiwei, due about 11th May.	
Clio, British ship, 1,070 tons, 1,400 i.h.p.	Comdr. Mackenzie, Yangtze.	
Colne, T.B.D., 560 tons, guns 4-12 p.r. i.h.p.	7,500 f.d. Lieut. Comdr. C. Seymour, en route to Weihaiwei, due about 11th May.	
Chelmer, T.B.D., 560 tons, guns 4-12 p.r. i.h.p.	7,500 f.d. Lieut. H. T. England, on route to Weihaiwei, due about 11th May.	
Fame, T.B.D., 560 tons, guns 4-12 p.r. i.h.p.	7,500 f.d. Lieut. Comdr. C. M. Blackman, Hongkong.	
Hampshire, 10,850 tons, 21,000 f.d., 14 guns.	Captain H. W. Grant, en route to Weihaiwei, due about 11th May.	
Jed, T.B.D., 550 tons, guns 4-12 p.r. i.h.p.	7,500 f.d. Lieut. G. F. A. Mulock, en route to Weihaiwei, due about 11th May.	
Kinsale, 616 tons, 1,200 i.h.p.	Lieut. Comdr. H. Murray, Yangtze.	
Merlin, surveying ship, 1,070 tons, 6 guns, 1,400 i.h.p.	Lieut. F. J. B. Gibson, Labuan.	
Minotaur, armoured cruiser (disarmed) Vice-Admiral T. H. Jervis, K.C.B., 47,000 i.h.p.	Capt. E. S. Kiddle, en route to Weihaiwei, due about 11th May.	
Moorhen, river gunboat, 180 tons, 2 guns, 800 i.h.p.	Lt. Comdr. Alan Dixon, W. River.	
Newcastle, 2nd class cruiser, 4,800 tons, turbine, 22,000 i.h.p.	Capt. F. A. Powell, en route to Weihaiwei, due about 11th May.	
Nightingale, river gunboat, 85 tons, 240 h.p.	Lieut. Comdr. Malcolm Murray, Yangtze.	
Kenner, T.B.D., 550 tons, 6 guns, 2,200 i.h.p.	7,500 f.d. Lieut. P. A. H. P. and, en route to Weihaiwei, due about 11th May.	
Ribble, T.B.D., 590 tons, 7,500 f.d., 6 guns.	Lieut. Comdr. Wilkinson, en route to Weihaiwei, due about 11th May.	
Robin, river gunboat, 85 tons, 240 h.p.	Lt. Comdr. J. Fleetwood Nash, West River.	
Rosario, depot ship to Submarine, 980 tons, 1,400 i.h.p.	Lieut. Comdr. F. A. Cromie, Swatow.	

FOR EUROPE AND AMERICA, INDIA, AUSTRALIA, &c.

Private Residents at the Overseas. A Comprehensive and Complete Record of the NEWS OF THE FAR EAST is given in the—

HONGKONG WEEKLY PRESS.

with which is incorporated THE CHINA OVERSEAS TRADING REPORT. Subscription, paid in advance, \$19 per annum. Postage 2s to any part of the World.

IMPERIAL GERMAN MAIL LINES.

FOR	STEAMERS	TONS	TO SAIL
NAPLES, GENOA, ALGIERES, LISBON, SOUTHAMPTON, ANTWERP and BREMEN	"BUELOW," Capt. C. Nahrath	16,900	{Wednesday 13th May, at 10 A.M.
SHANGHAI, NAGASAKI, KOBÉ and YOKOHAMA	"PRINZ LUDWIG," Capt. F. von Binzer	18,300	{About Thursday, 14th May.
MANILA, ANGAUE, YAP, MAR-ONN, NEWGUINEA, BRISBANE, SYDNEY and MELBOURNE	"PRINZ WALDEMAR," Capt. O. Jurant	6,100	{Saturday, 16th May, at 9 A.M.
KOBÉ	"COBLENZ," Capt. H. Schmitt	6,750	{About Tuesday, 20th May.
JESSELTON, KUDAT and SANDAKAN	"BORNEO," Capt. J. Koeber	5,000	{Monday, 11th May, at 9 A.M.

All the Steamers of the Imperial Line are fitted with Wireless Telegraphic New System of Teletext.

RATES INCLUSIVE OF SUR-TAX.

FREIGHT LINE.

Steamship	about	HOMEWARD.
"BORKUM"	21st May	For MARSEILLES, ROTTERDAM AND BREMEN/HAMBURG: S.S. "HELGOLAND" about Middle of June.
"ALTAR"	25th May	For HAVRE, EMDEN AND HAMBURG/BREMER S.S. "BORKUM" about End of June.
"DURENDART"	8th June	For MARSEILLES, ROTTERDAM AND BREMEN/HAMBURG: S.S. "ALTAR" Beginning of July.
		For HAVRE, EMDEN AND HAMBURG/BREMER S.S. "DURENDART" Middle of July.

For Further Particulars, Please apply to—

NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD. MELCHERS & CO.

Hongkong, 20th April, 1914. GENERAL AGENTS.

VISITORS AT HOTELS.

HONGKONG HOTEL	FRANK HOTEL
Mr E. S. Abraham Mr L. Adler Mr & Mrs F. Atwater Mr & Mrs A. B. Ayres Mr A. T. Ayres Mr & Mrs S. W. Bacon Mr E. R. Bate Miss Anna Beatty Mr C. D. J. Bell Mrs E. B. Bell Mr & Mrs H. Bent Mr J. Blode Mr & Mrs H. Brolson Mr M. C. Buckley Mr & Mrs A. Bungey Mr F. W. Butler Mr & Mrs J. Cambridge Miss G. G. Carey Dowager & Lady Chelwo & Lady Mr J. P. Clarke Mr E. E. Clarke Mr W. E. Clayton Mr & Mrs H. H. Coglan Mrs H. Colt Dr & Mrs L. E. F. Colman Mr & Mrs G. Curry Mr & Mrs R. D. Dehn Mr & Mrs H. Douglas Mr D. S. Douglas Mrs L. Durand and child Mrs M. B. Eberle Mr C. B. Eltinger Mr E. Fehr Mr & Mrs H. C. Ehrenfeld Mr M. Eisher Miss von Falkenberg Mr A. Gallotti Mrs M. A. Garry Miss L. Garry Mr & Mrs H. G. Goria Mr J. Gibb Mr & Mrs J. Gould Mr & Mrs W. A. Hamilton Mr & Mrs H. Herberichs Mr & Mrs E. P. Heron Hon Mrs A. Hewitt Mrs H. Hill Mr H. H. Hirstead Mr R. Hunter Mr C. M. Jackson Mr E. T. Jones Dr Kalkreuth Mr T. Sinclair Miss Louise Klitzsch Mrs Alina Klitzsch Mr & Mrs C. J. 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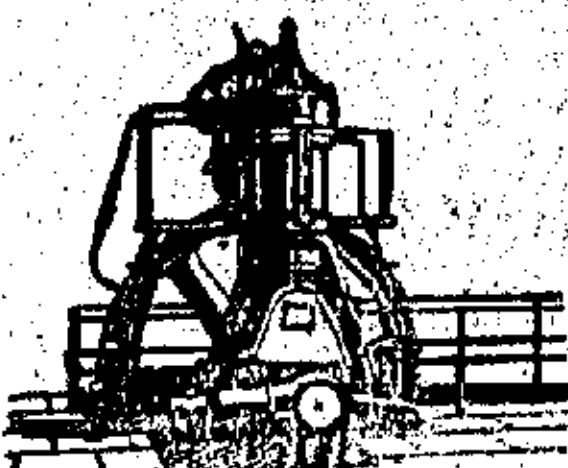
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HONGKONG.

Hongkong, 4th May, 1914.

POST OFFICE NOTICE.

The Assaye, with the MAIL FROM LONDON (via Siberia) of Saturday, the 18th ult., is
due to arrive here to-morrow.On and after 15th inst., the Western Branch Post Office will be closed to the public at
8.30 p.m. The night mail for Canton will be closed at 9.30 p.m. Any letters posted up to
9.30 p.m. will be included in the mail.Chinese Registered Correspondence will not be delivered on a signature only. The
Chop of a firm of standing will in each case be required in addition. The Postmen have
instructions not to part with any registered article until the above regulation has been
complied with.

FOR	PER	DATE
SHANGHAI AND NORTH CHINA (EUROPE VIA SIBERIA)	India	Thursday, 7th, 5.00 p.m. Registration on Wednesday, 6th inst. Letters, 9.00 a.m.
(To make connection with the Daimi steamer leaving Shanghai on Monday, the 11th inst., at 1 p.m.)		
Fort Bayard, Haiphong and Pakhoi	Blue	Thursday, 7th, 11.00 a.m.
Shanghai and North China	Luchow	Thursday, 7th, 3.00 p.m.
Straits, Ceylon and India via Bombay	Jinsen Maru	Thursday, 7th, 4.00 p.m.
*Japan via Yokohama	Fookwang	Thursday, 7th, 5.00 p.m.
*Straits, Shanghai and North China	Kwongkong	Thursday, 7th, 5.00 p.m.
*Straits	Boysen	Thursday, 7th, 5.00 p.m.
*Swatow	Chowtai	Friday, 8th, 9.00 a.m.
Swatow, Amoy and Foochow	Naitan	Friday, 8th, 10.00 a.m.
Haiphong and Pakhoi	Anghin	Friday, 8th, 11.00 a.m.
*Chiawangtoo	Albiana	Saturday, 9th, 10.00 a.m.
SHANGHAI, NORTH CHINA, JAPAN via NAGASAKI, HONOLULU, UNITED STATES, SOUTH AMERICA and CANADA via SAN FRANCISCO (EUROPE VIA SIBERIA)	Korea	Registration, 10.00 a.m. (Registration with late fee of 10 cents up to 10.30 a.m.) Registration, Kowloon B.O., 9.30 a.m. Letters, 11.00 a.m.
(To make connection with the Daimi steamer leaving Shanghai on Wednesday, the 13th inst., at 5 a.m.)		
STRAITS, BURMAH, CEYLON, ADELAIDE, WESTERN AUSTRALIA, INDIA, ADELAIDE, EGYPT, and EUROPE via BRINDISI (Late Letters 11.00 to Noon, Extra Postage 10 cents.) (Supplementary mail on board up to the time fixed for departure of the mail, Extra Postage 10 cents.) (Letters posted in all the Pillar Boxes in time for the first clearance will be included in this contract mail.) Parcel mail will be closed to-morrow, at 5 p.m.	Assaye	Saturday, 9th, Printed Matter and Sam- ples, 10.00 a.m. Registration, 10.15 a.m. Registration with late fee of 10 cents up to 11.00 a.m. Registration, Kowloon B.O., 9.30 a.m. Letters, 11.00 a.m.
Philippine Islands	Loongang	Saturday, 9th, 1.00 p.m.
Straits, India via Calcutta	Kuanang	Saturday, 9th, 1.00 p.m.
Straits, Burma and India via Calcutta	Matra	Saturday, 9th, 2.00 p.m.
*Shanghai and North China	Choyang	Saturday, 9th, 5.00 p.m.
SHANGHAI AND NORTH CHINA (EUROPE VIA SIBERIA)	Chenan	Saturday, 9th, 5.00 p.m.
(To make connection with the Daimi steamer leaving Shanghai on Thursday, the 14th inst., at 5 p.m.)		
Swatow	Haiman	Sunday, 10th, 9.00 a.m.
Swatow, Amoy and Fuzhou via Fuzhou	Dajin Maru	Sunday, 10th, 9.00 a.m.
Swatow, Amoy and Fuzhou via Fuzhou	Borneo	Monday, 11th, 8.00 a.m.
Swatow, Amoy and Fuzhou via Fuzhou	Haipong	Tuesday, 12th, 10.00 a.m.
Straits, India via Calcutta	Levi	Tuesday, 12th, 1.00 p.m.
*Shanghai and North China	Kueichow	Tuesday, 12th, 3.00 p.m.
*Philippine Islands	Bubi	Tuesday, 12th, 3.00 p.m.
*Shanghai and North China	Shanghai	Tuesday, 12th, 3.00 p.m.
*Philippine Islands	Taming	Tuesday, 12th, 3.00 p.m.
Holow, Haiphong and Pakhoi	Kaifong	Wednesday, 13th, 9.00 a.m.
STRAITS, BURMAH, CEYLON, ADELAIDE, WESTERN AUSTRALIA, INDIA, ADELAIDE, EGYPT, and EUROPE via NAPLES	Bilow	Registration, 8.30 a.m. Registration, Kowloon B.O., 8.00 a.m. Letters, 9.00 a.m. Wednesday, 13th, 10.00 a.m.
Swatow	Haiman	Wednesday, 13th, 10.00 a.m.

* Specially superscribed correspondence only.

FORTHCOMING EVENTS.

Thursday, 14th May—
11.30 a.m.—Hongkong Electric Co. Ltd.
Meeting of Shareholders.

Saturday, 16th May—
Noon—Hongkong Cotton Spinning, Weaving
& Dyeing Co. Ltd. Extraordinary General
Meeting at Jardine, Matheson & Co. Ltd.'s
Office.

Monday, 18th May—
11.30 a.m.—Canton Insurance Office, Ltd.
Meeting of Shareholders.
1.45 a.m.—The Canton Insurance Office, Ltd.
Extraordinary General Meeting.

Saturday, 9th May—
2 p.m.—Hing Hotel Co. Ltd. Extra-
ordinary General Meeting at Messrs. U.
Bunipala & Co.'s Office.
8.15 p.m.—Hippodrome Circus at Causeway
Bay.

Monday, 11th May—
Noon—China Fire Insurance Co. Ltd.
Extraordinary General Meeting.
3 p.m.—Auction of Right to Quarry Stone
on Four Lots of Crown Land at Ngau Shi
Wan in the New Territories, by Public
Works Dept.

COMMERCIAL.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

	May 6th
On LONDON—	
Telegraphic Transfer	111 1/2
Bank Bills, on demand	111 1/2
Bank Bills, at 30 days sight	111 1/2
Bank Bills, at 60 days sight	111 1/2
Credits, at 4 months sight	111 1/2
Documentary Bills, at 60 days sight	111 1/2
On PARIS—	
Bank Bills, on demand	246
Credits, at 4 months sight	251
On GENEVA—	
On demand	200
On NEW YORK—	
Bank Bills, on demand	47 1/2
Credits, at 60 days sight	48 1/2
On BOMBAY—	
Telegraphic Transfer	145 1/2
Bank, on demand	146
On CALCUTTA—	
Telegraphic Transfer	145 1/2
Bank, on demand	146
On SHANGHAI—	
Bank, at sight	73 1/2
Private, 30 days sight	74 1/2
On YOKOHAMA—	
On demand—Payable	56
On MANILA—	
On demand—Payable	56
On SINGAPORE—	
On demand	118
On BATAVIA—	
On demand	118
On HATYONG—	
On demand	3 1/2 p.m.
On SAIGON—	
On demand	3 1/2 p.m.
On BANGKOK—	
On demand	3 1/2 p.m.
SOVEREIGNS, Bank's Buying Rate	10.15
GOLD LEAF, 100 fine, per tael	85.50
BANK SILVER, per oz.	27 1/2

SUBSIDIARY COINS.

Hongkong, 20 cents pieces... 7.60 discount
Hongkong, 10 ... 8.80

MAILS VIA SIBERIA.

London ... April 18th.
Do ... May 4th

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SHARE LIST—QUOTATIONS.

HONGKONG, 6th MAY, 1914.

STOCKS.	NO. OF SHARES.	VALUE PAID UP.	CLOSING QUOTA- TIONS CASH.	RETURN ON BASIS OF LAST DIV'D.
BANKS.—				
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank Corporation	120,000	\$125 all	\$1810, seller	54 p.c.
China Bank Corporation, Limited	60,000	\$12 all	\$12, buyer	84 p.c.
China Light and Power Company, Ltd.	50,000	\$5 all	\$4.10, seller	73 p.c.
China Provision, Loan & Mortgage Co. Ltd.	200,000	\$10 all	\$8 1/2, seller	
COTTON MILLS.—				
Ewo Cotton Spinning & Weaving Co. Ltd.	80,000	Tls. 50 all	Tls. 125	
Hongkong Cotton Spinning Co. Ltd.	125,000	\$10 all	\$8, seller	
Dairy Farm Company, Limited	40,000	\$7 1/2 all	\$7 1/2, buyers	5 p.c.
DOCK AND WHARVES.—				
Hongkong & Wharves & G. Co. Ltd.	60,000	\$50 all	\$80, sales	5 p.c.
Hongkong & Wharves & G. Co. Ltd.	50,000	\$50 all	\$67, seller	3 p.c.
New Amoy Dock Co., Limited	10,000	\$62 all	\$84	74 p.c.
Shat. Dock and Engineering Co. Ltd.	55,700	Tls. 100 all	Tls. 61, buyer	
Shat. and Hongkong Wharf Co. Ltd.	6,000	Tls. 100 all	Tls. 94	
Green Island Cement Co., Limited	400,000	\$10 all	\$6 1/2, sales	4 p.c.
Hongkong Electric Co., Limited	80,000	\$10 all	\$4 1/2, seller	
Hongkong Hotel Company, Limited	20,000	\$50 all	\$123 1/2	5 p.c.
Manila Metropolitan Hotel, Limited	15,000	Ps. 10 all	Ps. 84, seller	
Hongkong Ice Company, Limited	5,000	\$25 all	\$190, buyer	54 p.c.
Hongkong Hope Manufacturing Co. Ltd.	60,000	\$10 all	\$22, buyer	94 p.c.
H'kong & South China Steam Fisheries Co. Ltd.	15,000	\$5 all	\$2	
Hongkong Steel Foundry Co. Ltd.	15,000	\$10 all	\$10	
Hongkong Tramway Co. Ltd.	325,000	5/- all	\$4, sales	
INSURANCES.—				
Canton Insurance Office Co., Limited	10,000	\$250 all	\$132 1/2, sales	5 p.c.
China Fire Insurance Co., Limited	20,000	\$100 all	\$145, sales	64 p.c.
Hongkong Fire Insurance Co. Ltd.	8,000	\$250 all	\$568, buyer	74 p.c.
North China Insurance Co., Limited	10,000	\$15 all	Tls. 140, seller	
Union Insurance Society, Limited	12,400	\$250 all	\$775, seller	
Yangtze Insurance Association, Ltd.	12,000	\$100 all	\$195, Ex 75	
LANDS AND BUILDINGS.—				
H'kong Land Invest. Agency Co. Ltd.	50,000	\$100 all	\$112, buyers	64 p.c.
Hongkong Land Reclamation Co. Ltd.	35,000	\$100 all	\$75, buyers	54 p.c.
Humphreys Estate and Finance Co. Ltd.	150,000	\$15 all	\$34	7 p.c.
Kowloon Land and Building Co. Ltd.	6,000	\$50 all	Tls. 91, buyer	
Shanghai Land Investment Co. Ltd.	78,000	Tls. 50 all	Tls. 71 1/2, buyer	54 p.c.
West Point Building Co., Limited	12,500	\$50 all	Tls. 46, sales	
Maatshappi tot Mijl, (Scheep- Landbouw exploitatie in Loozkat	250,000	Gda. 10 all	Tls. 46, sales	
MISCELLANEOUS.—				
China Engineering and M. Co. Ltd.	1,000,000	\$1 all	\$39	
Haaswood Tin and Rubber Estate, Ltd.	872,000	2/- all	\$5, sales	
Bank Australia Gold Mining Co. Ltd.	200,000	\$1 all	\$4, seller	73 p.c.
Trough Mines, Limited	160,000	\$1 all	\$10, buyer	
Peak Tramways Co., Limited	25,000	\$10 all	\$0.95, seller	
Palace et Papeeteries du Tonkin Societe An-	75,000	\$10 all	\$5	
REFINERIES.—				
China Sugar Refining Co., Limited	20,000	\$100 all	\$87, buyers	3 p.c.
Lebanon Sugar Refining Co. Limited	7,000	\$100 all	\$28	
STEAMSHIP COMPANIES.—				
China and Maudslow Steamship Co. Ltd.	30,000	\$25 all	\$31	5 p.c.
Douglas Steamship Co., Limited	20,000	\$15 all	\$27, sales	74 p.c.
H'kong, Canton & Macao S.R. Co. Ltd.	80,000	\$15 all	\$67 1/2, Ex 100	34 p.c.
Indo-China Steam Navigation Co. Ltd.	50,000 prof.	\$25 all	\$103 1/2, sales	
Shanghai and Trading Co. Ltd.	250,000	\$1 all	\$48	
Star Ferry Company, Limited	40,000	\$25 all	\$20	
South China Morning Post, Limited	6,000	\$25 all	\$4 1/2, sales	
Steam Laundry Company, Limited	20,000	\$25 all	\$4 1/2, sales	
STONES AND DISPERALERS.—				
Fowell, Wm., Limited	15,000	\$7 all	\$4	4 p.c.
Watson & Co. A. S. Limited	90,000	\$10 all	\$8, sales	
Union Waterboard Co. Limited	50,000	\$10 all	\$20, seller	54 p.c.

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Loans.	Amount.	Value.	Interest.	Quotation.
Chinese Imperial 1888	Tls. 767,200.	Tls. 250	7 1/2 p. annum	Par.

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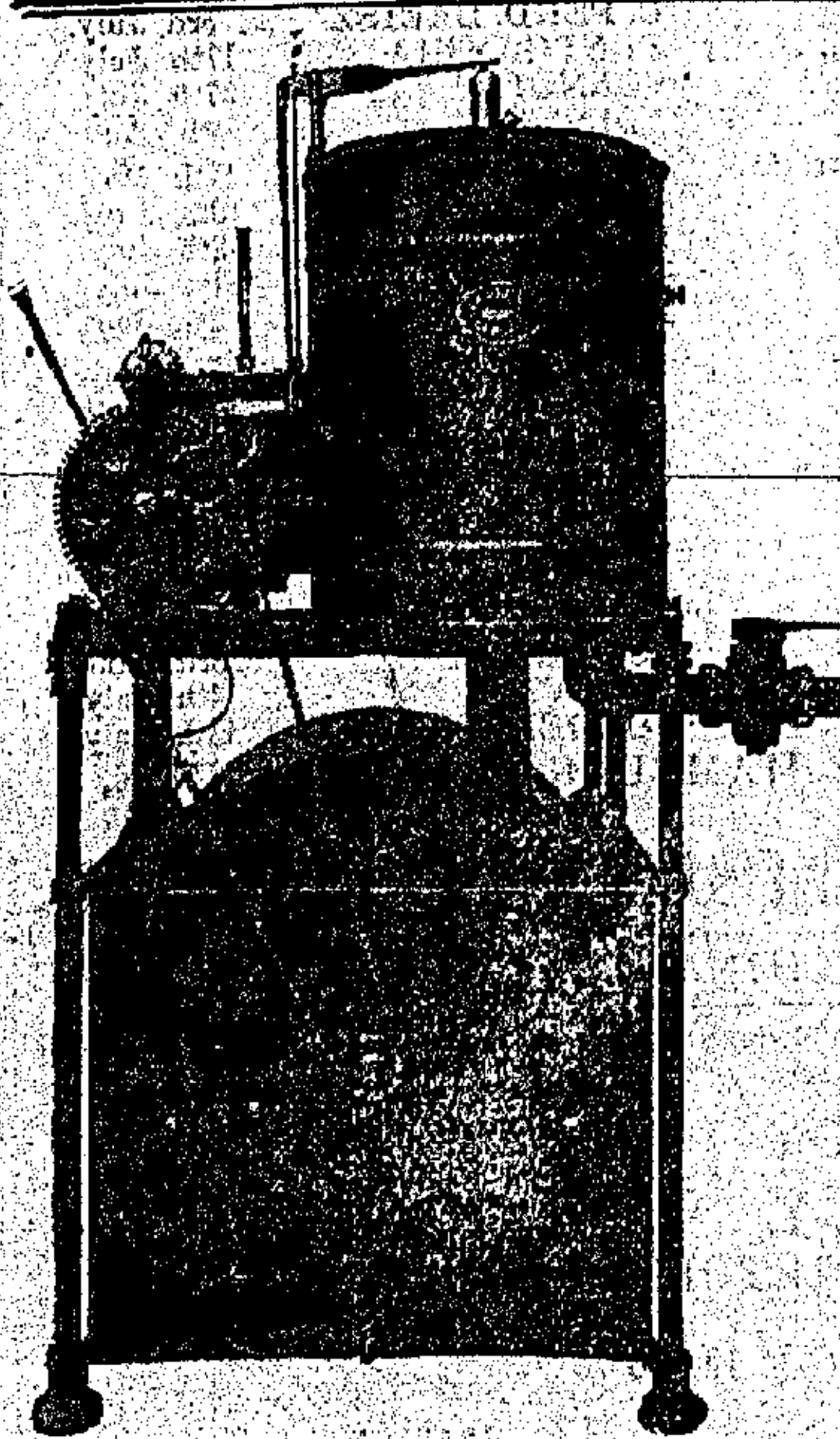
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Printed and Published by BRITISH A. HALL for the Concerned at 104, Des Voeux
Road Central, Victoria, Hongkong: London Office 131, Fleet Street, E.C.